

AUTOMOBILE GARAGE WILL BE OPENED IN CITY IMMEDIATELY

Mr Venard Owen Has Rented Bean Brothers' Old Carriage Shop On
Lexington Avenue And Will Be Ready In March

Mr. Venard Owens, formerly of this city, but now of Mt. Sterling, completed all arrangements Thursday for the opening of an automobile garage in this city. The garage will be located at the Bean Brothers old carriage shop on Lexington avenue. Work will begin at once on making the necessary changes on the building

and every effort will be made to have it ready for occupancy by the middle of March.

Mr. Owens will carry a first class line of machines for rent and sale at all times and will have the exclusive agency for the White Steamer and Berrick machines. Two rooms both 20x80 will be used for the garage.

TAFT IS MADE MASTER MASON

Distinguished Lodgemen Are Present
at Ceremony—Pays Tribute
to Father.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 19.—William H. Taft, president-elect of the United States, is a master Mason. The impressive ceremony which brought him that distinction was conducted by Charles S. Hoskinson, "the most worshipful grand master of the Grand lodge of the most ancient and honorable fraternity of Free and Accepted Masons of the state of Ohio."

The highest Masonic authorities of 17 states witnessed Mr. Taft's admission into the order, as did a body of men representing distinguished citizens of Cincinnati and the members of Kilwinning lodge, of which Alfonso Taft, father of the president-elect, was a member, and in which Charles P. Taft was inducted under the auspices of his father.

Scottish Rite cathedral, an ancient edifice devoted to the higher degrees of Masonry, was the scene of the ceremonies. Its main floor and gallery were filled when the distinguished candidate arrived. The procedure which culminated in the declaration that Mr. Taft was a Mason occupied 35 minutes.

As a Mason, Mr. Taft's appreciation was of his father's character as such, and of his own regret that the delay had been so long in his own case, and a rejoicing that his brother, Charles P. Taft, who was present, had been made a Mason under the tutelage of Alfonso Taft. Mr. Taft received many greetings on a new plane of fellowship as he was escorted from the hall by the committee having in charge his initiation, comprising Grand Masters William B. Melish and Levi C. Goodale and former Congressman Jacob H. Bromwell, grand secretary.

Frank H. Hitchcock, at the request of Mr. Taft, came here from Chicago, and after his conference left for Washington. That the discussion related to the undecided post of secretary of the treasury was admitted, but beyond the statement that no decision was reached, no information was obtainable. The suggestion that the place will likely go to Chicago or farther west was made. Mr. Taft's only positive statement was that no decision had been reached.

DECIDE TO ERECT A NEW CHURCH BUILDING

M. E. Chapel on Mt. Abbott Has Rapidly Increased in Membership.

The rapidly increasing membership of M. E. Chapel on Mt. Abbott necessitates more seating capacity, and the board of officers and membership have finally decided to erect a new building.

While definite plans have not yet been decided upon it is proposed that the new structure will cost about \$3,500 and work will begin upon same this summer.

At a recent meeting the following were appointed a Building Committee: H. P. Carpenter, Chairman; Thomas Woods, J. T. Martin, J. G. Parrish, Nelson Bush, L. D. Hastings, Alfred Patton and Prof. B. T. Spencer.

SELLS HIS FARM.

J. N. Renaker, agent for R. M. Millard, sold his farm of 62 acres opposite the fair grounds Thursday to J. W. Poynter for \$10,500.

SUFFRAGISTS CREATE SCENE

Fail in Their Attempt to See Premier
—Numerous Arrests Are
Made.

London, Feb. 19.—The suffragettes failed in their attempt to present to Premier Asquith the resolution adopted at a meeting of the Women's Freedom league declaring for a continuation of the militant propaganda for suffrage. They first attempted to march in procession but their line being broken up by the police, they mingled with a crowd of the curious who had gathered to witness the scene and sauntered singly toward Downing street.

The police, however, had completely blocked all entrances to the thoroughfare and 20 of the more militant suffragettes who tried to break through the lines, were arrested, charged with interfering with the police. For a time there was a scene of great disorder, women time and again throwing themselves valiantly against the double line of police, only to be forced back or if they were unusually persistent to be handed over to constables, who marched them off to the police station amid cheers, hoots and hisses from the throng.

The police finally cleared the street and the women who were not arrested returned to the hall, where they were addressed by leaders.

The women who were taken into custody were later arraigned in police court. They refused to pay the fines imposed and were sent to prison for terms varying from a fortnight to a month.

DEAN BILL KILLED

Rose County Option Law Will Not Be Amended.

Columbus, O., Feb. 19.—The session of the legislature was marked by the defeat in the senate of the Dean bill, probably the most important measure of the liquor interests, and intended to save cities voting wet from the effects of county local option elections when the drys win, and by the reference to the taxation committee of the house of the Woods taxation and public utilities bill. The latter action was regarded by friends of the measure as equivalent to killing it. There was an exciting debate before the vote was taken, which showed the Democrats to be practically unanimous against the reference of the bill to the taxation committee. Only a few Republicans voted with the Democrats. The vote as announced was 60 to 49.

PUBLIC STOCK SALE IS LARGELY ATTENDED

Farm Implements and Stock of Mr.
Matt Toohey Bring Good
Prices.

The public sale of stock and farming implements of Matt Toohey that was held yesterday on the Mt. Sterling pike was attended by the largest crowd that has been seen at a public sale here in some time. The following is a list of some of the sales that were made as reported by auctioneer J. R. Bush, who conducted the sale.

One mule, \$179; one mule, \$164; one horse, \$87.50; six yearling steers, \$20.50 each; one yoke of steers, \$56; eight heifers, \$17.50 each; seven milk cows from \$26 to \$50; 109 sheep at \$5.40 each. Several farming implements were sold at good prices.

Mr. Robert Monroe was in Cynthiana Thursday on business.



AMERICAN "LORD" AND ENGLISH HEIRESS WHOSE HEART HE WON.

The general order of international engagements was reversed in the case of George Westinghouse, Jr., and Miss Evelyn Violet Brocklebank. Mr. Westinghouse is one of the ablest young men in America's business world, and Miss Brocklebank is the daughter of a wealthy English earl. Their match is the first in many years where an American has married an English heiress.

SENSATIONAL DAMAGE SUIT IS FILLED IN CIRCUIT COURT

G. H. Lohmyer, Owner Of Court View Hotel, Sues William Huls
And Clayton Strode For \$20,000 Damage.

G. H. Lohmyer, of St. Louis, owner of the Court View Hotel property, has filed suit in the Circuit Court against William Huls and Clayton Strode for \$20,000 for damages incurred by the burning of the hotel property some time ago. The plaintiff alleges that Mr. Huls was forcibly detaining the hotel at the time and that it was through his carelessness and negligence that the property was destroyed and the value of it impaired to the extent of the above amount.

The petition in substance states that the plaintiff in the case, G. H. Lohmyer was the owner of the Court View Hotel property and that on the 7th day of January, 1907, the defendant, William Huls, forcibly and without right, entered the premises and forcibly detained the possession of the premises until January 29th, 1909, and that on the 6th day of November 1908, the plaintiff caused to be issued by the County Judge, a warrant of forcible entry and detainer against the defendant in the Clark county court and that at a trial on said warrant on the 12th day of November, 1908, an inquest of guilty against defendant was returned and upon said inquest a judgment of restriction of said property, was rendered for the plaintiff and that on the 14th day of November, 1908, the defendant filed his traverse of said inquisition and upon said day the defendant executed a traverse bond with the defendant Clayton Strode as surety, there on which bond was executed by the defendant before the County Judge and by him it was approved and by the terms of the bond the defendants covenanted to pay to the plaintiff, Lohmyer, the costs of proceedings and all damage caused to him by the traverse if not prosecuted with effect. The plaintiff files as a part of the petition a copy of the traverse bond.

The plaintiff says that on filing the traverse bond and the execution of the traverse bond the County Judge stayed all further proceedings in the case and returned all the papers and proceedings to the Circuit Clerk for record within ten days thereafter and that on the 29th day of January, 1909, the traverse was called for trial and the defendant, Huls, failing, refusing and declining to prosecute the traverse he was held by the court to be in default of answer and judgment was rendered by that court for the plaintiff. Finding the defendant guilty of forcible detainer and entry, compelled of in the writ. Judgment was duly entered that the plaintiff have restitution by the defendant of the premises and that the plaintiff recover of the defendant the costs in that proceeding. The plaintiff refers to the judgment of that court and

makes it a part of the petition.

He claims that by reason of the forcible entry and detainer complained of committed by the defendant Huls, he was wrongfully deprived of the possession of the hotel from January 17th, 1907, to January 17, 1909, to his damage in the sum of \$3,050 and that by reason of said traverse and the failure of the plaintiff to prosecute the same without effect he has insured costs in proceedings to the amount of \$ and the cost of employing an attorney, \$250.

The plaintiff alleges that the defendant used the premises so improperly and carelessly and negligently as to permit the building to take fire, by which it was totally destroyed and that by reason of the improper care of the building by the defendant, the building was totally destroyed, and the value of the premises impaired to the amount of \$20,000 no part of which has been paid except \$4,000, which was the amount of insurance carried on the building by the plaintiff. Wherefore the plaintiff prays judgment against defendants, W. M. Huls and Clayton Strode in the sum of \$3,050 and the further sum of \$312.50 and the further sum of \$5,250 and the further sum of \$16,000 with interest on all said sums from January 29, 1909, until paid. The plaintiff is represented by Pendleton, Bush & Bush and J. M. Stevenson.

ANSWER DEMANDED.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 19.—In insurance Commission C. W. Bell today notified the Citizens' Life Insurance Company, of Louisville, that he must have an immediate answer to the report of Actuary D. L. Meriwether. The letter to the contrary comes in the nature of an ultimatum, and the representatives of the company are expected to come to this city tomorrow for a conference with Bell.

COUNT BONI AGAIN.

Special to The News.
PARIS, Feb. 19.—Count Boni appealed from decision of the court that his three sons remain in custody of their mother.

WILL HOLD SERVICES.

Rev. H. C. Martin will fill his regular appointment at Witherspoon schoolhouse Saturday night and Sunday morning and night. Subject for Saturday night, "Who Made the Devil." Sunday morning, "The Second Coming of Christ."

Nobody pays much attention to holidays except office holders, school-teachers and bankers.

DEMOCRATIC CITY CANDIDATES LINED UP FOR PRIMARY BATTLE

Committee Met Thursday Afternoon And Made Preparation For The
Primary On March 2 And Named The List Of Election Officers

At a meeting of the Democratic Committee of the city of Winchester, held at the law offices of J. M. Stevenson on February the 18th, 1909, pursuant to the order of adjournment made January the 18th, 1909, the following members were present: F. P. Pendleton, representing the first ward; Sam K. Hodgkin, representing the second ward; T. L. Nunan, representing the third ward; Ewel Renaker, representing the fourth ward, and J. M. Stevenson, representing the fifth ward.

Official Proceedings.

The following are the official proceedings of the meeting:

It appearing that F. P. Pendleton is the only candidate announced for the office of Police Judge; and F. H. Haggard, the only candidate announced for City Attorney, and S. B. Tracy the only candidate announced for City Clerk, it was moved, seconded and carried that the committee resolve itself into a convention of delegates from the fifth ward composing the city of Winchester, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Police Judge, City Attorney and City Clerk.

J. M. Stevenson Chairman.

On motion duly made, seconded and carried, J. M. Stevenson was elected chairman of said convention and Sam K. Hodgkin was elected secretary of said convention.

It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that F. P. Pendleton be, and he is hereby declared, by said convention, the Democratic nominee for Police Judge of the city of Winchester.

It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that F. H. Haggard be, and he is hereby declared, by said convention, the Democratic nominee for City Attorney of the city of Winchester.

S. B. Tracy For Clerk.

It was moved, seconded and unanimously carried that S. B. Tracy be, and he is hereby declared, by said convention, the Democratic nominee for Clerk of the city of Winchester. Thereupon, said convention adjourned and the said committee reconvened for further business.

It was moved, seconded and carried, that the chairman be authorized to make provision for the printing of the necessary ballots and instructions for holding the city primary, and also to provide stencils, pads, pencils, ink, and all other things necessary for the conducting of said primary election, and he is further authorized to make provision for the copying and furnishing of the names of the voters who are registered as Democrats in the various wards of the city of Winchester, to the election officers, within the time and manner required by law.

Draw For Position.

It was moved, seconded and carried that the various candidates draw for positions on the ballot, which was done by each candidate opening a book, and the first letter in the first word in the subject matter on the left hand page, determining the position of such candidate, according to the position of such letter in the alphabet with the following result:

For Mayor.

First—J. A. Hughes.
Second—H. T. Strother.
Third—W. O. Hoskins.
Fourth—G. D. McCullum.

For Collector.

First—H. W. Scrivener.
Second—J. A. McCourt.
Third—G. W. McKinney.

For Chief of Police.

First—Woodson McCord.
Second—J. W. Rupard.

First Ward—For Councilman.

First—J. H. Oden.
Second—W. P. Hackett.
Third—C. G. Bush.

Fourth—Geo. Hon.

Second Ward—For Councilman.

First—J. W. Wheeler.
Second—J. E. Botkin.
Third—T. F. Moore.

Fourth—A. R. Martin.

Fifth—T. L. Todd.

Third Ward—For Councilman.

First—Dock Pigg.
Second—M. S. Browne.
Third—R. M. Seabee.

Fifth Ward—For Councilman.

First—W. P. Azbill.
Second—J. T. Stokely.
Third—Jno C. Allan.
Fourth—Sil Dinelli.

The chairman then called upon all candidates to submit their respective lists recommending those persons whom they desire appointed as election officers.

The chairman reported that all candidates had furnished such lists.

On motion duly made, seconded and carried, the committee went into executive session for the purpose of selecting election officers for the primary election to be held March the 2nd, 1909.

The following officers were selected:

First Ward.

Judge—C. A. Sullivan.
Judge—D. A. Thomson.
Sheriff—J. B. Adams.
Clerk—Rufus Lisle.

Second Ward.

Judge—W. W. Ecton.
Judge—J. Hood Smith.
Sheriff—J. W. Seabee.
Clerk—Zena Bruce.

Third Ward.

Judge—J. O. Piersall.
Judge—W. W. George.
Sheriff—Jno. Peters.
Clerk—Fred Broadhurst.

Fourth Ward.

Judge—W. A. Fluty.
Judge—Jas. Toohey.
Sheriff—J. N. Hisle.
Clerk—Jesse Spencer.

Fifth Ward.

Judge—J. B. Conkwright.
Judge—J. W. Lawrence.
Sheriff—W. M. Anderson.
Clerk—C. B. Stewart.

The committee then adjourned to reconvene on the 5th day of March, 1909, for the purpose of canvassing the returns.

THE COURT OF APPEALS HAS GIVEN DECISION

Why Insurance on Property Destroyed
By Night Riders Cannot
Be Collected.

The Kentucky Court of Appeals has handed down an opinion which means a loss of thousands of dollars to tobacco growers and others whose crops and barns and other property were destroyed during raids of night riders in the past two years. In reversing the Caldwell Circuit Court in the case of five insurance companies against the Imperial Tobacco Company, the court upheld the validity of the "riot clause" of policies written in Kentucky, and held that the raids of night riders come within the meaning of the term "riot."

The clause relieving the insurance companies from liability from loss or damage by fire written in all of the policies, and upheld by the court reads:

"This company shall not be liable for loss caused directly or indirectly by invasion, insurrection, riot, civil war or commotion, or military or usurped power, or by order of any civil authority, or by theft, or by neglect of the insured to use all reasonable means to save and preserve the property at and after a fire," etc.

NEGRO CONFESSES.

Special to The News.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 19.—Glen Wilton the negro who assaulted Mary Dobbs, aged 14, was captured and has confessed.

EXTENSIVE CATTLE DEALERS.

W. H. Jones and W. A. Allen, of White Oak, Ky., were at Mt. Sterling last Monday with a drove of fine cattle for which they received a good price, some 1400-pound steers selling for 5 1/4 cents.

Messrs. Jones and Allen are prosperous farmers of Morgan county, and are always welcome in the Blue Grass region.

NOBODY LOVES A FAT MAN

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DIRECTORY.

Kentucky.

According to the last census Kentucky has a population of 2,147,174. The area is 40,400 square miles; 400 of which is water. The streams within the State, as a rule head in the Southeast and flow in a Northwesterly direction; this fact retarded the construction of railroads and the development of our resources for many years.

The early railroads were built from the East and went over the more level territories North of the Ohio River and South of the Cumberland Mountains. In those days there was only a limited demand for coal and lumber. Now that the demand has increased. It would seem that a kind providence has held in reserve our almost inexhaustible utilities until a time when they are most needed by the country. Our supply of timber is limited, but there is enough to last for many years to come.

We have a coal area of over fifteen thousand square miles. Other minerals await development. Natural gas and oil, in paying quantities are being developed in many localities.

There are no more bad people in Kentucky than in other States in proportion to population. Good people regardless of politics or religion, are always welcome.

Clark County.

Land acres, 158,176.

Value of real and personal property including franchises, \$12,004,870.

Tax rate for all county purposes, 50 cents, on the hundred dollars.

The foothills of the mountains are on the Eastern border of the county, the Kentucky River on the South, forms the county line for a distance of twenty-five miles. Ford on the river, South of Winchester, has extensive lumber mills.

Three railroads go entirely across the county—Chesapeake & Ohio, Louisville & Nashville and Lexington & Eastern.

Blue Grass is a natural product. Uncultivated land will set itself in blue grass. Crops of timothy and clover can be raised with profit. Corn, wheat, rye and oats are the grain crops. Tobacco is raised in large quantities.

All fruits that are adapted to the climate can be raised with profit.

The census of 1900 gave the population at 16,694.

Circuit Court.

First Monday in April, second Monday September, first Monday in December, J. M. Benton, Judge; B. A. Crutcher, Attorney.

County Court.

Fourth Monday in each month. Quarterly Court. Third Tuesday in each month. County Officers.

J. H. Evans, Judge. S. A. Jeffries, Attorney. Howard Hampton, Sheriff. Lee Evans, Deputy. John Bedford, Deputy. J. A. Boone, County Clerk. Sam Powell, Deputy Clerk. W. T. Fox, Circuit Clerk. Roger Quisenberry, Assessor. C. A. Tanner, School Superintendent. W. R. Sphar, Treasurer. George Hart, Jailor. I. Brinegar, Coroner.

Justices of the Peace.

First district, J. C. Richards. Second district, J. Scott Renick. Third district, Eli Dooley. Fourth district, J. E. Ramsey. Fifth district, Robert True. Sixth district, F. F. Goodpaster. Seventh district, Eon. E. Wills.

Winchester.

County seat, area, a circle one and a half miles in diameter. Population census 1900, 5,964. The city has over-lapped the corporate limits and now has a population of near ten thousand. It is located on the dividing ridge between the Kentucky and Lick ing Rivers, has water works, electric street cars and lights. Unlimited natural gas. Splendid Graded Schools and numerous churches.

The Kentucky Wesleyan College is located at Winchester. The fire department is one of the best in the State.

The assessed valuation of all property, including franchises, \$4,692,499. The tax rate on the hundred dollars is sixty cents for city and fifty cents for schools.

The C. & O., L. & N., and L. & E. railroads center at Winchester the geographical location and shipping facilities make the city a desirable location for factories. New concerns are given five years exemption from taxation. The Commercial Club will take pleasure in giving information.

City Officers.

J. A. Hughes, Mayor. S. B. Tracy, Clerk. F. H. Haggard, Attorney. F. P. Pendleton, Judge. Riland D. Ramsey, Collector. J. S. Reese, Assessor.

-CALL ON-

NELSON, The Transfer Man

by day or night, if you want your baggage transferred. OFFICE—Home Phone 94; Night Phone 339.

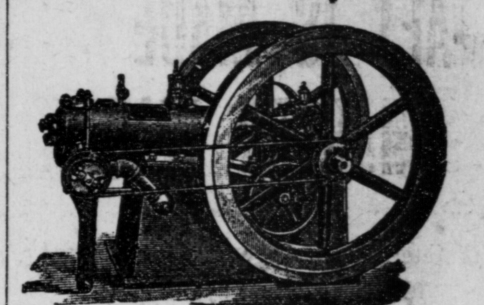
Conkright Transfer and Ice Co

Crating, Handling and Hauling Furniture, Planes, Etc., a Specialty. No. 19 North Main Street. Both Phones

WINCHESTER TAILORING COMPANY,

M. & C. H. McKINNEY, Props. Clothes Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired. DRY CLEANING AND DYEING A SPECIALTY. N. W. Cor. Main and Fairfax

HAGAN, GAS AND GASOLINE Engines



SIMPLE! RELIABLE! ECONOMICAL!

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WRITE FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

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INCORPORATED, WINCHESTER, KY.

D. B. HAMPTON, Pres. B. F. CURTIS, Cashier

Clark County National Bank

MAIN STREET, Winchester, - - Kentucky

Capital, \$200,000 Surplus, \$100,000. Undivided Profits, \$35,000

Organized 1860, being the oldest Bank in the county. Collections made on all points, and your accounts solicited.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. M. STEVENSON—

Attorney At Law. 20 S. Main Winchester, Ky.

PENDLETON, J. M. & BISH—

Attorneys At Law. 22 S. Main St., Winchester, Ky.

GILBERT & BOTTO

Fresh & Cured Meats. Fish, Vegetables, Country Produce. BOTH PHONES OPERA HOUSE BLOCK

GARAGE.

Bring me your automobile for repair or storage. I have an up-to-date Garage with a nice Waiting Room for Ladies.

Chas. Hagan, Winchester, Ky.

Cor. Broadway and Highland.

N. H. Witherspoon, Treasurer.

Police. Chief—Mal Tarry.

Deputies—Carral Azbill, Albert Tanner, John Ballard.

Board of Council. First ward—Shirley Hadden, W. P. Hackett.

Second ward—A. R. Martin, T. L. Todd.

Third ward—Doe Pigg, J. Q. Boone.

Fourth ward—J. D. Jones.

Fifth ward—G. D. McCullum, Sil Dinelli.

Board of Education.

G. W. Strother, President.

C. H. Rees, Secretary.

H. W. Scrivener, Treasurer.

Harry Ector, J. B. Cornett.

W. A. Adams, J. K. Allan.

James Hise, Lena Bruce.

N. K. Foster.

Fire Department. A. R. Baldwin, Chief.

Jae. W. Harding, Secretary.

SHOP SURROUNDINGS.

Employees of Plant Combining Beauty and Commercialism.

The appearance of many towns and cities is spoiled by unkempt surroundings of business sites, and seldom is any attempt made to improve and beautify these places. The plan is being tried in Brooklyn, N. Y., however, to interest the employees of a company in improvement work, and the story of how an esprit de corps came to replace a don't care feeling in the personnel of one of the largest single traction concerns in the country is an interesting one.

Some time ago the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company adopted a policy of beautifying as far as possible the different portions of its property. It was a pet idea of Mr. Winter, its president, that the mere fact that a structure is built for commercial purposes is no excuse for its being hideously ugly.

This was quite a reversal of old traditions, but it has already gone partly into effect. The great new Williamsburg power station is the company's most striking exposition of this new policy.

Beginning was made at the construction shop of the elevated lines at the foot of Thirty-ninth street. The yard that surrounds this shop—formerly a passenger terminal station—was cleaned of the litter of old locomotives and discarded coaches. These were sold when possible and given away for firewood in other cases.

Last spring the shop foremen were informed that the railroad would proceed to lay out the edge of the yard with grass plots and flower beds. Similar steps were taken at the other elevated shops at East New York, Fresh Pond road and at Thirty-sixth street. The same methods of decoration that proved so successful on the company's property at Brighton Beach were put in effect.

Then came the surprising part of the programme. Shopmen displayed an astonishing amount of interest in the plans for beautifying the property. They organized into bands and early on summer nights reported after hours for work on the shop grounds. Theirs was entirely a voluntary procedure. They showed an interest in the whole project. It was a new spirit showing itself.

Nor was that all. The men from lathe and plane and drill press worked alongside the laborers, and then they got together with the shop foremen and made a new proposal.

"Let's buy big flags—big, fine American flags—to float over every shop of this company, and show folks when they go riding by that there are good Americans working under the roofs."

So the big movement started. The men all wanted to subscribe—nickels, dimes and an occasional quarter were the order of the day—and when they were done the foremen topped off the list for the big flags. The railroad company put up high steel poles, and there has been a series of flag raisings all summer.

Every elevated shop now flies its flag as regularly as a military post. Out at the newest shop in Fresh Pond road the transportation men watched the big pole and flag of the shopmen ascend. So the guards, motormen and conductors of the trains running there bought a flag and had the company erect a second steel pole for their flag. Other plans of the same sort are underway.

Spain Exports Much Olive Oil. Spain exports at least \$3,000,000 worth of olive oil a year, and in years of large crops twice that amount.

Long Life of Coconut Palm. The Brazilian coconut palm lives from 600 to 700 years.

Domestic Economy.

"Hey, mon," exclaimed the brawny north countryman, "thrift is a wonderful thing!"

"Yes," replied his English traveling companion. "You're right there. Now, I gave my wife a ten pound note to manage on last time I was away, and—would you believe it?—instead of exceeding it she saved nearly a sovereign out of it to buy herself a hat!"

"That's nowt," replied the Scotsman. "My wife gives the kids halfpennies apiece to go to bed supperless: when they're asleep she takes the halfpennies off on 'em agean, and then she makes 'em do w/out our breakfasts for losin' 'em! Hey, mon, that's thrift!"—London Scraps.

The Mendicant.

There are those who ascribe the word "mendicant" to the silly appellation put forth as a conundrum, meaning a poor wretch beyond the power of mending. But something very close to the term was in use as long ago as when Chaucer wrote his "Canterbury Tales." In the "Somnour's Tale" this occurs:

Therefore we "mendicants," we say freeres, Ben wedded to povertie and continence. To charites, humblesse and abstinence, etc.

The "somnour" of Chaucer was, of course, a summoner, or apparitor, and a person of low estate, and here we have, it is believed, the origin of the word, which came into common employment later.

Glacial Wonders.

The grandeur of nature's forces may be understood when one of the glaciers of Disco bay, Greenland, is studied. Helland estimated that it had a thickness of 920 feet, with a breadth of 18,400 feet, and was found to be moving at the rate of forty-seven feet per diem. And this Disco bay glacier was only one of the many. Rink estimates that on the west coast of Greenland there are 120,000 square miles of territory, all contributing their supply of icebergs.

How Monopolies Are Assisted.

During the past few months, mail order houses located in the large cities have been making more than ordinary efforts to gain trade. These efforts have been stimulated by the panicky times. Residents of agricultural communities should understand that concentration of money in large financial centers was the main cause of bringing on the financial depression. They should also understand that the mail order system is one of the most potent factors in this concentration; that this system draws the life-blood, the surplus money, from communities where it is earned, taking it out of local circulation and using it to build up monopolies in the large cities.

Flowers of Silver Tissue.

On a large hat of soft black beaver the trimming is formed by a leafless garland of large marguerites made of silver tissue. The contour of each petal is outlined with a narrow band of black, fleecy beaver, in marked contrast with the delicate texture of the metallic goods.—Vogue.

Roses of Satin Ribbon.

Huge roses, made of satin ribbon in various tones of a natural color are finished with thick, brown, natural stems and sprays of foliage. Only one of them is used on a hat.—Vogue.

Women Are to Share With Men. Men and women are to have a common way of life—a common education—and they are to watch over the citizens in common, whether abiding in the city or going out to war; they are to guard together and to hunt together like dogs; and always and in all things women are to share with the men.—Plato.



FEBRUARY

SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28						

A One Sided Complaint.

"This is the seventeenth time I've seen you before me in the dock," said a magistrate, looking at a prisoner sternly.

"Yes. For eight years now I've seen you sitting in the chair, but I've never thought of complaining about it!" replied the prisoner reproachfully.—London Telegraph.

Mixed Praise.

Customer—Why, I thought you called him "the colt?" Ostler—Sure, yer honor, and that's the name he's had for the last twenty years, and he sticks to it like a respectable baste the same as yourself.—London Punch

Then She'll Tell You.

"Tell me," said the lovesick youth, "what's the best way to find out what a woman thinks of you?"

"Marry her," replied Peckham promptly.—Philadelphia Press.

The Cause.

Wife—What was the matter?—I thought you would break down the house. Husband—I dreamed I was trying to put on my clothes in the upper berth of a Pullman.—Life.

More than 4,000,000 persons living in 100 cities obtain water for domestic and industrial purposes from the great lakes.

Humanitarian Who Failed.

A Brooklyn man complains that he lost \$500 backing up an invention to prevent snoring. He can at least count on the sympathy of several million "light sleepers," who will join him in heartfelt regrets that the anti-snoring device did not succeed.

German Proverb.

Good counsel is better than a thousand hands.

How the Culprit Was Detected.

Of a certain Harrow master whom Mr. Tollemache in his reminiscences refers to as Mr. Y. the following story is told. Dr. Vaughan was master of Harrow at the time:

"Mr. Y.—I am sorry, Dr. Vaughan, to have to report to you two of your monitors for drinking. Dr. Y.—This is a very serious charge. When and where did it happen? Mr. Y.—This afternoon in a public house in Pinner Dr. V.—Did you catch them flagrante delicto? Mr. Y.—No, Dr. Vaughan, I was in my study. Dr. V.—But surely you cannot possibly have seen from your study to Pinner? Mr. Y.—I have a strong telescope, Dr. Vaughan. Dr. V.—But how can you tell that it was not water they were drinking? Mr. Y.—It was gin and water. I noticed a sediment of sugar at the bottom of their glasses.

Between Tears and Laughter.

"Do you ever think, George, dear," said she, and her voice was soft and low, as befitting the perfect beauty of the night, "do you ever think how closely true happiness is allied with tears?"

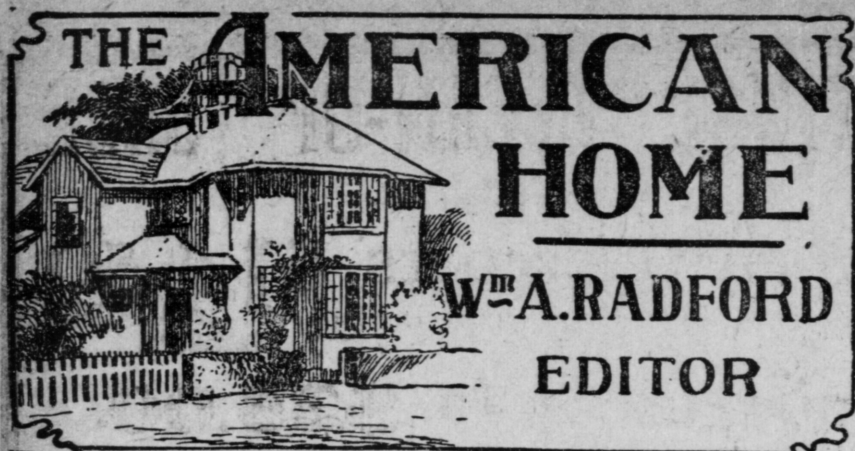
"I don't believe I ever do," admitted George dear, "but I will, if you like."

"Yes," she went on, gazing up into his face, and her lips were very close to his, "when one is truly and wholly happy, George, dear, there is but little to divide a smile and a tear."

"Well, that's a fact," assented George dear. "But I never thought of it before. After all, there's no nothing but the nose."—London Answers.

Renewing Hostilities.

Nagley—"I've discovered there is one state in which divorce is wholly unnecessary." Mrs. Nagley (sharply)—"Which is that?" Nagley—"The state of single blessedness!"—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.



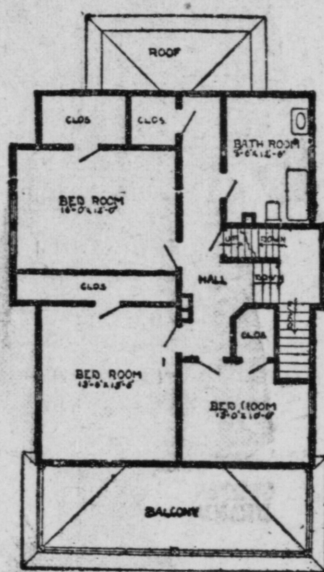
Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 124 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Many house details that were formerly considered superfluous are now receiving careful planning in detail by architects, in fact, architects are complaining that the many small house details run into so much extra work and eat up so much more time than the old style structure work that an increase of fees must follow. Men who formerly charged five per cent on the cost of a building are now getting 7½ and ten per cent.

Not only are the different rooms planned more carefully and the partitions fitted with ventilating flues, sound deadeners, and the new windows, patent sliding doors and a hundred other inventions are required, but houses nowadays are often fitted up with two kinds of heaters, one to warm the house and the other to heat the water so that hot water may be kept on tap for use at any hour night or day the year through. Then the finish in different rooms varies and each style is carried out in the different details to match. All good houses are piped for gas and wired for electricity and often gas and electric fixtures enter into a general decorative plan that must harmonize down to the minutest detail in color as well as form, so that the selection of these accessories in accordance with the organized plan often takes up more of the architect's time than the

near the ceiling or down at the floor, or both, as desired. They are designed to fit carefully so the top riser is the same height as all the others.

The time is near at hand when we shall go through the house in this way. Each room will have something in it that is factory made, so that the problem of the architect and the carpenter and the factory are becoming more intimately connected and



Second Floor Plan.

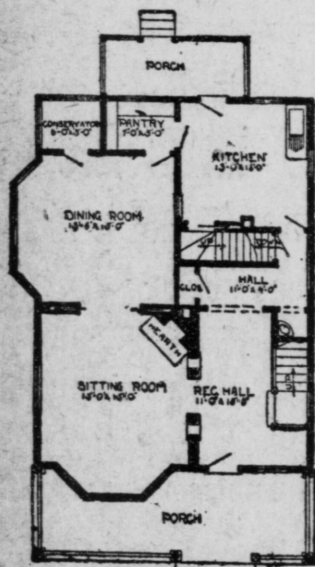
we are gradually working more system into the building of dwelling houses.

In building a house as large as the one shown in the accompanying design and floor plans a great many extra conveniences may be worked in. The little wash room under the front



strictly construction drawings of the whole building.

We are working more and more into the different conveniences that enter into modern household economy every year. What is generally termed cabinet parts of houses are receiving more attention all the time. A sideboard, for instance, is made in a large factory in accordance with certain designs carefully selected to match the interior finish of the house. These



First Floor Plan.

sideboards are made in large quantities, perhaps 50 or 100 of the same design being brought through at once, so that the completed article may be bought much cheaper than it could possibly be made by hand in the house, and the work is much better done.

The sideboard is shipped in the knock-down, each piece being carefully fitted and numbered so the carpenter can put it together quickly in the niche prepared for it in the double partition between the dining room and the kitchen. These sideboards usually are large and roomy and the cost is much less in proportion to its capacity than a piece of movable furniture, and the convenience and decorative feature is much more pleasing.

The same idea is carried out in building factory-made stairs. Factories are now turning out designs in open stair work that go together in the same way and fit lengthwise in the hallway or turn the corner up

stair is an accessory that is very convenient and one that we find very difficult to install into a small house because the necessary room cannot be afforded. It saves running up to the bathroom every time you want to wash your hands, and it is another detail that helps to make up a perfect house.

Another great convenience in the hall is the clothes closet. A house of this size usually is occupied by a family of some considerable size. Each one has an overcoat or two, an umbrella or some other belonging that is in the way unless you have just such a place in which to keep it when not in actual use.

The size of the house, being 30 feet 6 inches in width by 40 feet 6 inches in length, affords room enough for a good many extra conveniences that cannot be expected in a smaller design, and the rooms are larger than ordinary.

A bathroom 8 feet 6 inches by 12 feet 6 inches is a luxury that very few people have. Then, if necessary two or three bedrooms may be built in the attic.

It depends a good deal on location whether a house should be built with the expectation of finishing the attic as a third story at some future time. If the lot is fairly central on a street where transportation is especially good a house that is big enough for six or seven rooms will sell better or rent to better advantage than a smaller house. On the other hand if the house is built well out toward the edge of town or in the suburbs less room is required, but this is a financial study in house building that must be determined by the owner.

British Trade Falling Off.

In the 11 months ended November, British imports decreased \$267,500,000 and exports \$295,000,000, a total decrease of \$562,000,000, or \$94,000,000 more than the American total decrease of \$468,000,000 for the entire year.

Claims Perfect Fireproof Door.

An English inventor has perfected a more nearly fireproof door than the steel one generally used, by arming a wooden door with steel sheets, so attached that they can expand when heated without permitting flames to reach the wood.

The Billboard Fight.

An ordinance which is expected to force billboards from the residence districts was recently approved by the Chicago council building committee. It requires billboard companies to secure consent of two-thirds of the property owners on both sides of the street before erecting a billboard in any block in the residence district. Any block in which a majority of the lots are occupied by residences is to be considered, for the purpose of the ordinance, a residence neighborhood. Strong protests were made by the representatives of the billboard companies when the ordinance was first considered by the building committee, but no further objections were made at the time of its approval, energy being reserved for action later, but it is believed that this ordinance will eventually drive the billboard from residence districts.

School Gardens.

All the available space not needed for play should be put into school gardens, and if the school grounds prove of insufficient extent an effort should be made to obtain the use of a vacant lot nearby. Each child should have a plot for its own and should be protected in such ownership. Not only must the children be taught to care for their own, but they must learn to respect and protect the rights of others. So general has become the interest in school gardens that it is now possible in many states to get teachers trained in the work. Children should not be deprived of playtime, but every encouragement should be lent to carry some of the work on in the home garden and there or at the schoolyard do certain garden work on Saturdays.

Local Retailers Meet Prices.

Do the catalogue houses sell goods cheaper than the retail dealers do? No, they do not—they cannot and make a profit, and they are in it for the profit and nothing else. The price of some of the pictured articles in the catalogue is less than it can be sold by the retailer and make a profit. These are leaders—stool pigeons to draw the flock to the trap. You will find that any live retail merchant is ready and willing to meet the catalogue prices when the quality of goods is considered.

The Jealousy of Friends.

Our very best friends have a tincture of jealousy even in their friendship; and when they hear us praised by others, will ascribe it to sinister and interested motives if they can.—C. C. Colton.

Positively "The Best Seller."

Probably the name of the late Noah Webster stands at the head of the list of those whose books have been "the best sellers." Seventy-five million spelling books, and from 10,000,000 to 15,000,000 dictionaries look like record figures.

To Shut Out Noise.

To shut out the various small noises which so annoy and distract one engaged in study or other work demanding concentration, try the Fourth of July "stunt" of stuffing the ears with cotton. This is far more effective than stopping the clocks and exiling the family.

Woman's Remarkable Feat.

Though the compiling of a dictionary is a task that even a corps of trained editors undertake with no slight hesitation, a Washington woman, Mrs. George H. Gorham, finished the remarkable feat of writing an idiomatic French-English, English-French dictionary entirely unaided.

The Ruler of the World.

When we get behind all the circumstances of our daily life we find the thinker, the man with ideas. He is the true ruler of the world. He gives us all things, from the clothes of our bodies to the clothes of our minds. He gives us coats and commandments; mutton chops and morals. He gives us our policies, our religion, all, in short, that we have.—London Daily Dispatch.

COUNTY COURT DAYS.

Below is a list of the days County Courts are held each month in counties tributary to Winchester:

Anderson, Lawrenceburg, 3rd Monday.
Bath, Owingsville, 2nd Monday.
Bourbon, Paris, 1st Monday.
Boyle, Danville, 3rd Monday.
Breathitt, Jackson, 4th Monday.
CLARK, WINCHESTER, 4th Monday.
Estill, Irvine, 3rd Monday.
Fayette, Lexington, 2nd Monday.
Fleming, Flemingsburg, 4th Monday.
Franklin, Frankfort, 1st Monday.
Garrard, Lancaster, 4th Monday.
Grant, Williamstown, 2nd Monday.
Harrison, Cynthia, 4th Monday.
Jessamine, Nicholasville, 3rd Monday.
Lee, Beattyville, 4th Monday.
Lincoln, Stanford, 2nd Monday.
Madison, Richmond, 1st Monday.
Mason, Maysville, 2nd Monday.
Mercer, Harrodsburg, 1st Monday.
Montgomery, Mt. Sterling, 3rd Monday.
Nicholas, Carlisle, 2nd Monday.
Owen, Owen, 4th Monday.
Pendleton, Falmouth, 1st Monday.
Powell, Stanton, 1st Monday.
Scott, Georgetown, 3rd Monday.
Shelby, Shelbyville, 2nd Monday.
Woodford, Versailles, 4th Monday.

Subscribe For The News.

BASKET-BALL IS POPULAR SPORT

PERFECTION OF TRAINING AND PLAY ACCOMPANIED BY INCREASE IN INTEREST.

BETTER COACHING AIDS GAME

Season of 1909 Marks Era of More Stringent Legislation — Important Changes in Rules Calculated to Eliminate Roughness — Different Styles of Games.

In some respects the present basketball season is perhaps the most crucial which the sport has had to pass through since its innovation, and lovers of one of the most interesting of winter games are anxiously awaiting the judgment of the critics whose decisions at the end of the season will go a good way toward continuing in favor the present regulations and which have helped in placing basketball on the same plane with the other major sports.

During the past winter the intercollegiate rules committee in a meeting in New York came to the decision that some radical action was necessary to eliminate the tendency to roughness and save the game from degenerating into a modified form of football. Although the style of game played in the different sections of the country varied immensely, and therefore a rule which suited one division was entirely unsatisfactory to another, the committee succeeded in passing some rather startling rules and the result of the recent legislation is awaited with grave doubts by many enthusiasts.

It is only within the last few years that basketball has assumed a position of high rank among intercollegiate sports, especially in the west, and in the last two seasons particularly it has aroused the general interest of the student bodies of the various universities. Regarded formerly as a strenuous form of girl's play, it has come to command respect as it has increased in popular favor. Perhaps the most potent factor in bringing this situation about was the recognition on the part of the authorities of the absolute need of thorough preparation on the part of the players for the contests, the necessity of the most efficient coaching and long training to gain expertise.

Undoubtedly, as the standard of play has been raised, basketball has gradually won over the followers of the more strenuous sports. The adoption of intricate plays and signals, as in football, which require a great degree of skill, acquired only by long and hard practice and the work of teams which have played for many seasons and therefore have reached a splendid point in development have helped to show to the public that the possibilities of basketball are scarcely less than those of the major outdoor sports.

Coincident with its accession to a prominent place in college sports has come the need for careful and special legislation on the part of the athletic authorities. A consistent policy followed by the coaches and players throughout the country and the intimate relations of one section to another have helped to promote a unity of action and control which is bound to lend added interest to the sport.

In this section the Western Intercollegiate association has been a strong influence in promoting the best interests of the game by controlling schedules, holding meetings of coaches and players and officials for the study and discussion of the rules, discouraging rough play, and in aiding officials to keep the game clean. As a result the standard of play is high and the games, while always earnestly contested, are notably free from intentional roughness and fouling.

One of the greatest difficulties in making the new rules was caused by the difference in the style of play prevalent in the east and west. In the former section the play is close, the dribble is used almost constantly, and as a result opportunities for rough play, intentional or otherwise, are greatly increased, and the officials are kept busy calling fouls.

The new legislation concerning the disqualification of a player when he has had five fouls, called on him is expected to work both ways. It is hoped that the rule will prevent the official from calling petty, technical fouls, and secondly, to prevent intentional fouls against opponents who have not an accurate free thrower. This rule was modified at the conference of western intercollegiate basketball officials so that it requires five personal fouls to disqualify, thus removing from the list of fouls which count for disqualification those which are of a technical character and sufficiently penalized by giving the opponents a free throw.

Another very important provision was that made requiring two floor officials, the idea being to have a man to watch and prevent the making of fouls in the back part of the field, where the referee cannot see. Believing that many troubles arose from the poor work of officials, the committee also formed a central board of officials, with the idea of developing competent officials.

Tigers Buy Morality.

President F. J. Navin of the Detroit American league baseball club has concluded arrangements with the New York Americans for the purchase of George Morality, who will play third base for Detroit. The amount of the purchase money was not announced.

You Cannot Answer These Questions!

1—Why do you continue bathing your knees and elbows one at a time, when you can stretch out in a full bath tempered to suit you, and can do so every morning if you wish?

2—Why pump and carry water for your kitchen and laundry work when you can have it at hand for the turning of a faucet?

3—Why take chances on drinking germ-filled cistern water when you can get it from a large reservoir filtered through the best filter plant South of the Ohio River?

4—Why have a dry, dismal-looking yard when you can have it filled with green grass and blooming flowers, and can at the same time get rid of the dust in the street?

5—Why suffer other inconveniences when you can have everything for the comfort and health of your family right in the house?

6—Is it not true that the answer is not "lack of money," but lack of economy and enterprise and indifference to getting the most out of life?

C. F. ATTERSALL, Superintendent

Winchester Water Works Co.,

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At our Maple Street and Lexington Avenue, will tell you all about it. You'll be surprised at how inexpensive these privileges are.

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We Furnish Electric Current Day and Night for all Domestic Purposes.

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Do Your Washing,
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WE STAND IN THE WAY



of unfair competition and faking in the mill-work line by furnishing the best possible work at a minimum price. Indoor work, such as staircases, arches, grille, paneling, wainscoting, mouldings, fretwork, and all carved and ornamental woodwork, we turn out to perfection. And the same may be truly said of our exterior work also. We keep every kind stock at fair prices.

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INCORPORATED



BRICK OF ALL GRADES AND KINDS,

and in any quantity, delivered as you want it. Builders will find it to their interest to get our figures before making estimates and bids, because they will be sure to get bottom prices; and when we say bottom prices we mean prices that are as low as you can get anywhere else.

Seeds and Implements of the Right Kind Too.

J. R. Martin Coal and Supply Co.

Posthumous Names in China.

Another imperial decree has been issued on the subject of posthumous names to their late majesties the empress-dowager and the emperor. Posthumous names of emperors in Chinese history never exceed 22 characters, and of empresses 16 characters.—Shanghai Mercury.

Chance for a Bandmaster.

Conway, which is in need of a bandmaster, has issued the following advertisement: "He must be a cornet player, and between performances he will be required to act as a range minder, inspector of hawkers, boats and carriages, storekeeper and such other duties as the town clerk may from time to time direct."—Western Mail.

Only Road to Success.

Remember that you cannot be carried to success in a carriage with the hinges oiled, the backs padded, and the seats cushioned; you must trudge on foot along the dusty highway.

Introduce Method.

"More time," is the usual exclamation, even by those who have all the time there is. They should bethink themselves about more method, or else waste less time.—W. H. Howe.

One of Our Markets.

Liverpool, the largest market in the United Kingdom for American cotton seed cake and meal, as well as other imported oil cakes, takes annually between 35,000 and 50,000 tons of American cottonseed cake and meal. Large quantities of cake and meal are sold to other British ports by the Liverpool agents.

Unobservant Male Dramatists.

Masculine dramatists are old-fashioned enough to make their women "catty." It shows a lack of observation to make the feminine character in a modern play behave in the manner of the eighteen-eighties.—London Sketch.

Inventor of Hansom Cab.

The hansom cab was the invention of Joseph Aloysius Hansom, an eminent English architect, who flourished about 75 years ago. He invented what he called the patent safety cab about 1833 and died in 1883.

Man Always Omnivorous.

It used to be held that primitive man was a vegetarian; but the anthropologist Ortway has made careful and extended investigations, which indicate that primitive man, like the modern savage, was omnivorous.

THE WINCHESTER NEWS.

An Independent Newspaper.

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(Incorporated.)
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at Winchester, Kentucky under the
act of March 3, 1879."

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New Phone No. 91.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1909.

THE PARCELS POST.

In the postoffice appropriation bill reported to the Senate Thursday, the establishment of an experimental rural parcels post system in two counties to be selected by the Postmaster General was authorized. It seems, therefore, that the experiment will be made for the provisions will almost certainly go through Congress.

The Postmaster General has been asking for such authorization for some years, claiming that the carrying of parcels would go a long way toward eliminating the postal deficit. It is further asserted that the parcels post is in the interest of the farmer and the rural store keeper.

The most strenuous opposition to the plan has come from the great express companies who see in it a menace to their business.

Another element opposing has been the small merchants in the country town who have been afraid that such increased postal facilities would help the great mail order houses. This objection has been met by the Postmaster General's suggestion limiting the kind and character of the parcels carried and the territory from which they could be sent.

This experiment begins in the same way as the rural delivery system. After much opposition in and out of Congress, the trial of rural delivery was authorized in a few counties. It was successful from the start and has grown wonderfully since until there is hardly a corner of the country that does not receive its mail daily.

The parcel post is not an experiment in the European countries. Nearly all postoffice departments there have such adjuncts and they have proved eminently successful both from the standpoint of increasing the postal revenues and from the great convenience to merchant and customer.

ROOSEVELT'S HEIGHT

How tall is the President of the United States?

This question, asked casually in the lobby of the Raleigh the other night, precipitated a discussion that almost ended in a wager. M. R. Dobbins, of New York, a guest at the hotel, was telling a group of friends that he had recently spent some time with the President and was somewhat surprised that he was not taller. Mr. Dobbins himself is a six-footer. One of the group suggested that Mr. Dobbins must be mistaken. "The President surely is six feet tall," said one member of the party.

"Well, I may be mistaken, but after talking with Mr. Roosevelt for nearly

10 minutes a few days ago, I am convinced that he is surely not six feet, and I would be willing to wager that he is not five feet 11 inches."

At once there was a digging into pockets and a flashing of rolls, and it looked as if Mr. Dobbins would be swamped with money. But he was game, and declared that he would bet two to one on his judgment of the President's height. He appeared so confident that the men who were a moment before so anxious to bet began to hesitate. One of them quietly withdrew, and, going to a telephone, called up the White House. He was given the information requested, and, returning to the group said:

"Gentlemen, President Roosevelt is just five feet nine inches in height."

Powers of Australian Police.

In Australian cities the police are now empowered to enter private dwellings in which they suspect gambling.

Pronounce It Murder.

Reading, Pa., Feb. 19.—After a thorough investigation of the shooting of George L. Knaut and Estelle Rocktashel in a taxicab, Coroner Strasser and County Detective Merkel stated that they are convinced that Knaut murdered the girl and killed himself.

THINK SAUSAGE POISONED

Analyze Meat That Caused Death of Three and Illness of Five.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 19.—Three persons are dead and five others are seriously ill as a result of eating sausage supposed to have been poisoned. The dead: Mrs. Mary Priora, Mrs. Mary Cassini, Miss Mamie Cassini. Seriously ill: Joseph Priora, Joseph Cassini, three members of the Novreisi family.

Several days ago Mrs. Cassini gave some sausage to the Priora family and to the family of another relative, named Novreisi, and practically all were taken ill. The sausage is being examined by chemists.

"Lavender Lady" Gets Divorce.

St. Louis, Feb. 19.—Mrs. William J. Lemp, known as the "Lavender Lady," was granted a divorce before Judge Hitchcock. Mrs. Lemp is given \$6,000 yearly alimony and the custody of William J. Lemp III. Lemp is to have the child from 9 a. m. Saturday until 6 p. m. Sunday of each week.

Columbus Retains Pension Agency.

Columbus, O., Feb. 19.—The action of the national senate in eliminating from the pension appropriation bill the house feature providing for the consolidation of all the pension agencies throughout the country into one office at Washington, means that Columbus will retain its branch agency.

Freeze to Death in Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 19.—Frank Eschtaler and his 17-year-old son were found frozen to death by searching parties. They were lost in Saturday's blizzard.

Bishop Hoss Doing Nicely.

Baltimore, Feb. 19.—Bishop Hoss of the Methodist Episcopal church south, passed a good night and was said to be doing nicely at Johns-Hopkins hospital.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Mayor.

We are authorized to announce
J. A. HUGHES,

as a candidate for Mayor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce H. T. STROTHER

as a candidate for Mayor of Winchester, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce W. O. HOSKINS,

as a candidate for Mayor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For City Judge.

We are authorized to announce
JUDGE F. P. PENDLETON,

as a candidate for City Judge, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Chief of Police.

We are authorized to announce
WOODSON M'CORD,

as a candidate for Chief of Police, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. W. RUPARD

as a candidate for Chief of Police, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

City Collector.

We are authorized to announce
HARRY W. SCRIVENER,

as a candidate for City Collector of Winchester, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

LOOK FOR RESULTS

Tariff Commission Promoters Think Seed Will Sprout.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 19.—The national tariff conference convention came to an end as a convention, but its officials and delegates, before their departure, expressed confidence that its work would soon be perpetuated in the form of a permanent tariff commission, toward the attainment of which their labors have been directed.

The convention was small in numbers but large in enthusiasm. Its delegates represented great commercial, agricultural and civil bodies, and many were United States senators, congressmen of national reputation and state officials. James W. Van Cleave, chosen as its permanent chairman, had behind him scores of members of the National Association of Manufacturers, and from the platform at the last session, Thad Snow, who declared himself a plain unattached farmer of Indiana, joined with his predecessors in what had been a remarkable unanimity of expression from various sections, professions and occupations, for the establishment by congress of a permanent, scientific and nonpartisan tariff commission.

To Investigate Maine Wreck.

Washington, Feb. 19.—The house committee on appropriations is to include in the sundry civil bill an item looking toward the ultimate raising of the battleship Maine, the wreck of which still remains in Havana harbor. The subcommittee which is preparing the bill has decided to insert a clause which provides for a commission which will be directed to investigate the condition of the wreck and determine the feasibility and cost of raising it.

HORSE THIEF SAYS HE KILLED WOMAN

Confession of Ohio Convict Sent to Illinois.

Columbus, O., Feb. 19.—"You Can Put a load on your shoulders. You Can Carry it for a while but it will finally get so heavy you have to get red of it. So that is the way of this trouble it got so heavy on my mind I just had to get red of it."

The foregoing is a paragraph from the written confession made by Charles Clayton, serving four years in the Ohio penitentiary from Franklyn county for horse stealing.

According to Clayton, his real name is Riley Price, and 12 years ago at Benton, Ill., he killed Anna Williams as the result of an agreement with the girl that he kill her and then commit suicide. After beating her over the head with a club and throwing her body in a well, his nerve failed him and he neglected to carry out the suicide feature of the pact.

The signed confession has been sent to the prosecuting attorney at Benton, Ill.

VACATION FOR PULLIAM

Atmosphere Clears Before Baseball Conference Adjourns.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—Factional strife in the National league was removed at the closing session of the magnates when a President Harry C. Pulliam was granted an indefinite leave of absence at his own request, in order that he may recover from the nervous strain which he has been subjected to for some time past. In the meantime his post as chief executive of the league will be filled by John A. Heydler, at present secretary and treasurer of the organization.

More Women Stabbed.

Berlin, Feb. 19.—Four more women and girls were stabbed by the unknown criminal who has committed more than a score of assaults with a knife in the suburbs of Berlin during the past few days. The wounds inflicted were not severe. In one instance the stabbing occurred on the stairway of a house in which a police station is located. Many arrests have been made, but the men have been released after proving an alibi.

White Star Liner Has Mishap.

Liverpool, Feb. 19.—The White Star liner Celtic collided with a buoy in the Crosby channel and fouled her propeller. She then drifted ashore but was refloated and returned to the Mersey.

Twenty-One Are Indicted.

Findlay, O., Feb. 19.—At an adjourned session of the January grand jury, which has reported, 20 indictments were returned for violating the Rose law. S. A. Reiman of Detroit, was indicted for perjury and bigamy.

THE MEAT OF IT.

Six persons and several cats and dogs were bitten by a mad dog at Columbus, O.

The Oscar Lear Automobile company, Springfield, O., has asked to be placed in the hands of a receiver.

Former Supervisor M. W. Coffey of San Francisco has been found guilty of accepting a \$4,000 bribe from a street railroad company.

W. W. Ramsey, former bank president, was found guilty of bribing Pittsburg (Pa.) councilman.

Frank Francisco, Columbus, O., thought President-elect Taft intended to burn him at the stake as a sacrifice to the King of Italy. He is now in the asylum.

TO REMODEL PRISON

House Committee Completes Plans For the Work.

Columbus, O., Feb. 19.—The house committee decided to recommend the passage of a bill providing for reconstruction of the penitentiary in part and eliminating the much sought separate prison for women. Two cell blocks, the dining room, kitchen, bakery and bath rooms are to be rebuilt, as is also the present women's department, and a new light, power and heating plant is to be constructed. Provision is to be made for not only the insane persons sent up as prisoners, but also for all insane persons of criminal tendencies.

The penitentiary is to be equipped with machinery for the making of articles to be used in state institutions and departments. To carry on the improvements, a bipartisan commission of four, to serve three years at an annual compensation of \$1,200 each, is established. Wherever possible, prisoners are to do the work.

Provision is made for the transfer of a portion of the state custodial farm at Morgans from the institution for feeble-minded, to be used as a farm for the employment of prisoners from the penitentiary to grow supplies for the prison and other institutions.

Ice Goes Over Falls.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Feb. 19.—The ice jam in the upper river broke, sending thousands of tons of ice and a great volume of water over Niagara falls. The power companies say the crisis is past and industrial establishments are operating normally.

DAMAGE WAS WIDESPREAD

Recent Storm Played Havoc With Country's Wire Service.

Chicago, Feb. 19.—In point of damage done the storms of last Saturday, Sunday and Monday were the worst ever experienced by the telegraph companies and the railroads. Thousands upon thousands of poles are still down and hundreds of miles are prostrate. Throughout the states of Indiana, Ohio, New York, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Maryland, New Jersey, Delaware and all of New England telegraph service is curtailed, and in sections discontinued.

One eastern railroad alone is said to have lost 80 miles of cable. Every repair man in the afflicted territory is still working to the limit of endurance, but resetting poles in the frozen ground is slow work, and it will be weeks, it is said, before normal conditions are restored.

Banker Goes to Prison.

Freehold, N. J., Feb. 19.—Albert C. Twing, former president of the wrecked Monmouth Trust and Safe Deposit company of Asbury Park, was taken from here to the state prison at Trenton to begin serving a six-year term.

TESTS NEW AEROPLANE

Canton Man Makes Successful Flights on His Farm.

Canton, O., Feb. 19.—W. H. Martin made a dozen attempts to fly his aeroplane at his farm, three miles east of Canton. The place of the test was a hillside. The best flight in distance was 250 feet and in height he rose to 15 feet. In a descent a lever of the machine was broken and no more tests could be made.

Mr. Martin is confident he has constructed a successful machine. He is now arranging for a suitable motor to furnish power.

Farmer Murdered in Bed.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 19.—James Hickman, a farmer, living near here in Blount county, was murdered while in bed, and his wife and one-year-old daughter seriously wounded. N. T. Suttle, a neighbor, has been arrested on suspicion.

Ohio Man Killed.

Warren, Ark., Feb. 19.—Arthur Ryan of Tiffin, O., was run over and killed while walking along a railroad track here.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago — Cattle: Steers, \$5 00@7 00; cows, \$3 20@5 50; heifers, \$3 20@5 50; bulls, \$3 10@5 20; stockers and feeders, \$3 25@5 50. Calves—\$3 50@8 50. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, \$4 25@5 75; lambs, \$6 25@7 50; yearlings, \$5 00@6 50. Hogs—Choice heavy shipping, \$6 40@6 45; butchers', \$6 35@6 40; light mixed, \$6 20@6 30; choice light, \$6 35@6 40; packing, \$6 25@6 40; pigs, \$5 25@6 15. Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1 18@1 20. Corn—No. 2, 64¢@64¢. Oats—No. 3, 53¢@54¢.

East Buffalo — Cattle: Export cattle, \$3 00@5 50; shipping steers, \$5 50@6 00; butcher cattle, \$5 00@5 25; heifers, \$4 00@5 50; cows, \$3 00@4 75; bulls, \$3 75@5 00. Calves—Best, \$9 50@10 00. Sheep and Lambs—Mixed sheep, \$5 00@5 50; wethers, \$5 50@6 00; ewes, \$5 00@5 35; lambs, \$6 50@7 00; yearlings, \$6 50@7 00. Hogs—Heavy, \$6 80; mediums, \$6 75@6 80; Yorkers, \$6 60@6 70; pigs, \$6 70; roughs, \$5 80; stags, \$4 50@5 00.

Cleveland, O.—Cattle: Prime dry-fed cattle, \$6 00@6 25; fat steers, \$5 75@6 00; heifers, \$4 25@5 25; cows, \$3 25@4 50; bulls, \$3 00@4 25; milkers (and springers), \$25 00@25 00. Calves—\$9 20 down. Sheep and Lambs—Mixed sheep, \$4 75@5 00; wethers, \$5 25@5 50; ewes, \$4 75@5 00; lambs, \$5 75@7 75. Hogs—Mixed, \$6 65; heavy, \$6 65; mediums, \$6 65; Yorkers, \$6 40@6 55; pigs, \$6 35; roughs, \$5 15@6 00; stags, \$5 00.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Cattle: Choice, \$6 20@6 35; prime, \$6 00@6 15; tidy butchers', \$5 80@5 85; heifers, \$3 50@5 50; cows, \$3 50@5 50; butchers', \$3 50@5 50; fresh cows, \$5 00@5 50. Calves—Veal, \$6 00@6 50. Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, \$5 70@6 50; good mixed, \$5 00@5 65; lambs, \$6 00@7 50. Hogs—Heavy hogs, \$6 80; mediums, \$6 70; heavy Yorkers, \$6 55@6 65; light Yorkers, \$6 10@6 50; pigs, \$6 15@6 25.

Cincinnati, O.—Wheat: No. 2 red, \$1 23¢@1 24¢. Corn—No. 2, 66¢@66¢. Oats—No. 2, 54¢@54¢. Rye—No. 2, 82¢. Lard—\$9 25@9 35. Bulk Meats—\$9 37¢. Bacon—\$11 00. Hogs—\$5 10@6 70. Cattle—\$3 45@6 80. Sheep—\$2 25@5 25. Lambs—\$5 00@7 80.

FINAL CLEAN-UP SALE

Men's Overcoats \$14.50 at Values Up To \$25.00.



These are the "left overs" of the season, but all good, worthy and as smart in style as any man can want.

Don't fail to get the best you can for the money the opportunity is here for you.

Call at Once.

Rupard-Stewart Co.

MR. MAN!

Get your heads together and start your feet our way, we have some good things for you. All of our \$5.00 shoes are to be sold at \$3.95 a pair. These leathers are Patents, Vicis, Box Calf, Gun Metals and genuine Calf in the neatest shapes and fashions. This is your opportunity or a good thing.



MASSIE, The Shoe Man.

STATE FAIRS, 1909.

Clark County August 3rd, 4 Days.

Scott county, July 27th, 4 days.

Blue Grass, Lexington, August 9th.

6 days.

Bourbon county, September 7th,

5 days.

State Fair, Louisville, September

13th, 6 days.

If secretaries of fairs will kindly

furnish dates, we will carry them

free of charge.

REVOLTS AT COLD STEEL.

"Your only hope," said three doctors to Mrs. M. E. Fisher, Detroit, Mich., suffering from severe rectal trouble, lies in an operation, "then I used Dr. King's New Life Pills," she writes, "till wholly cured." They prevent Appendicitis, cure Constipation, Headache, 25c. at Phillips Drug Store.

The Mistral.

The mistral is a cold northwest wind which does much damage at certain seasons in France and Italy. From the close of autumn to the beginning of spring, it is especially violent. It dries up the soil and causes dangerous storms on the Mediterranean sea.

WASHINGTON GAVE UP

to three doctors: was kept in bed for five weeks. Blood poison from a spider's bite caused large, deep sores to cover his leg. The doctors failed, then "Bucklen's Arnica Salve" completely cured me. Writes John Washington, of Bosqueville, Texas. For eczema, boils, burns and piles its supreme. 25c. at Phillips Drug Company.

DWELLING HOUSE INVENTORIES FREE

WE WILL SEND A HANDSOME DWELLING HOUSE INVENTORY FREE TO ALL WHO WILL MAKE WRITTEN APPLICATIONS FOR SAME, AND IF DESIRED WILL SEND OUR SOLICITOR TO ASSIST IN MAKING THE INVENTORY. IT IS A VALUABLE AND USEFUL BOOK AND ALL WHO CARRY INSURANCE ON THEIR HOUSEHOLD GOODS SHOULD HAVE ONE.

JOUETTS INSURANCE AGENCY

You can not eat all the flour advertised as the best on earth—and you can not make a mistake in using Mansfield's Best Patent of M' Lilly. Every sack guaranteed. MANSFIELD'S FLOUR MILLS Winchester, Ky 11-13-3mo.-e.o.d. For cut flowers see SHEARER, THE FLORIST. 2-18-11.

WINCHESTER ROLLER MILLS.

The oldest and best institution in the county is the Winchester Roller Mills. Why not use home flour—the best made. Kerr perfection and White Pearl flour has no equal.

Advertise in The News.

SOCIETY



GENERAL ARTHUR PAGET AND MRS. PAGET.

An event of much importance in society circles in New York city was the recent visit of General Arthur Paget and his wife. Mrs. Paget is the daughter of Mrs. Paron Stevens, and her husband is one of the most influential men in England. His social position is equal to that of any one in the realm outside the royal family.

Euchre Club and Forty-Two.

Ms. E. E. Kidwell will entertain the Euchre Club and Forty-Two Clubs on Saturday.

Literary Club.

Miss Richie Lane will be the charming hostess at the Literary and Social Club on Saturday.

Little Colonel Readers.

The Little Colonel Readers will have their meeting with Miss Ada Lee Boone on Saturday.

Cooking Club.

The Cooking Club meets with Miss Ora Gaines Allen, on Saturday.

Mrs. C. E. Gibbens will entertain at "Forty-two," on February 22.

The ladies of the Baptist church will have an "Exchange" at Mr. T. S. Bush's store, Saturday.

Miss Emma Turnbull will entertain this afternoon with a "Forty-two" party, in honor of her guest, Mrs. Smith, of Cincinnati.

The Fortnightly Literary Club will meet with Mrs. J. C. Vaught, on Monday next, instead of with Mrs. Dady, as formerly announced.

Miss Bonnie Gibbens will entertain with a tea drinking, on Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Gaines will be hostess for the M. C. Club, on Wednesday next.

Bridge Party.

Mrs. J. W. Ishmael gave a beautiful entertainment last evening, in honor of Mrs. Harry Smith, of Cincinnati, the charming guest of Miss Emma Turnbull.

The house was attractively decorated in plants and narcissus.

Mrs. Ishmael makes a most ideal hostess, and leaves nothing undone for the pleasure of her guests. She was ably assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Bettie Anderson and Miss Emma Turnbull. Bridge was indulged in until a late hour, when a delicious buffet luncheon was served.

Mrs. Ishmael's guests were: Mrs. Harry Smith, of Cincinnati, the honor guest, Mesdames William H. Garner, Matt Adams, Charles Parrish, Sam Ashbrook, Platt, of Ashville, N. C., Troy, of Memphis, Tenn; Cornell, Carrie Buckner, J. W. Poynter, W. A. Beatty, Ed Clarke, Hart Robinson, George Pickels, of Champagne, Ill; Lee Evans, W. H. Strossman, Gus Brooks, Ed Mitchell; Misses Kate Rash, Susan Buckner, and Salje Clay, of Mt. Sterling.

Delightful Tea.

Mrs. Maurice Miller gave one of her delightful teas on Thursday afternoon.

The house was decorated in potted plants which look very beautiful in their artistic arrangements.

Mrs. Miller is a most attractive hostess, and has a manner of making her guests feel perfectly at home.

Tea was served during the afternoon, along with delicious wafers and candies.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Charles Davis, of Lexington, was a guest in our town, Thursday.

Miss Mae Shroud returned to her home in Owingsville yesterday, after a most delightful visit to Miss Lucile Renaker.

Miss Sara Goodloe Benton left today for Danville, to visit Miss Bettie Craig.

Miss Edna Strucker, of Cincinnati, has come to be with Poynter and Lancaster this season. Miss Strucker was here last season and made many friends while here.

Mrs. Scott Renick has returned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Renick, of Paris.

Mrs. Dave Hunter, of Lexington, is the attractive guest of Mrs. R. B. Hunter.

Mrs. Bettie Anderson is spending a few days with Mrs. C. J. Boswel. Miss Ethel Garner, who has made an extended visit to Washington and New York, has returned home.

Mr. Phil Coulter, of Louisville, is in town for a few days.

The friends of Mr. Roger Bryan will be glad to know that he is able to be out.

Mr. W. Garner Smith, who has been making his headquarters in Indianapolis, Ind., is home to recuperate.

Miss Nora Brooks, of Millersburg Female College, is the guest of her brother, Dr. George S. Brooks, for a few days.

Miss Frances McClelland, of Lexington, a most fascinating and interesting young lady, will come Monday to be the guest of Miss Florrie Smith for the dance.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Hardesty and little daughter, Elizabeth, are expected Saturday, for a week's visit to Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Azzill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Thompson and Miss Beulah Thompson, who have been in Cincinnati for several days, returned home today.

THE SECRET OF LONG LIFE.

A French scientist has discovered one secret of long life. His method deals with the blood. But long ago millions of Americans had proved Electric Bitters prolongs life and makes it worth living. It purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood, rebuilds wasted nerve cells, imparts life and tone to the entire system. Its a godsend to weak, sick and debilitated people. "Kidney trouble had blighted my life for months," writes W. M. Sherman, of Cushing, Me., "but Electric Bitters cured me entirely." Only 50c. at Phillips Drug Company.

INTERESTING ATTRACTION
WORTHY OF PATRONAGE

Animal Show and Glass Blowers Attract Large Crowds Daily.

The attraction at the Auditorium this week is worthy of the patronage of all of our people.

Messrs. Scobee have spared no pains nor expense in securing the very best for the Winchester amusement lovers and the sincerest appreciation should be shown.

The exhibition of trained bears in charge of "Mademoiselle Marguerita" is as fine of its kind as the country produces. Marguerita has taught her bears to walk erect, dance, drink from a bottle and stagger about to the time of "We Won't Go Home until Morning," and many other unique and interesting stunts.

Prof. Cain, in charge of the educated cockatoos, shows great skill in exhibiting his birds, and incites the spectators to spontaneous applause. The birds themselves show evidences of careful training.

Capt. Lorenzo presents a mixed collection of trained animals, consisting of goats, apes, dogs and a genuine German hog, the first of its kind ever known to be trained.

Mr. Paul Johanning is the lion tamer, and the animals obey his every wish.

Among the glass workers, Mr. W. L. Sullivan creates with marvelous dexterity delicate miniature glass ships and birds. In this, no blowing is necessary, the work consisting of fashioning the articles from small bars of glass as they are melted.

Mr. C. Mayer has charge of the wine glass department and L. Bal-

linger of the magnifying glasses.

The small steam engine is the work of Mr. T. Backman and is a masterful creation entirely of glass.

Mr. Will Z. Smith acts in the capacity of "assistant boss." Incidentally he does a little glass blowing, as a result of which his table is always covered with glass pipes of varied shapes and colors. Mr. Smith—with perfect justification—also does a little "blowing" about the merits of his company.

LARGE CROWD AT THE
AUDITORIUM RINK

Mr. D. B. Scobee and Dr. Brashear Dine With the Animals at the Show.

Mr. D. B. Scobee and Dr. G. W. Brashear now have the unique distinction of dining in a lion's den. The fact that two prominent gentlemen like these were to perform such a feat as was announced in The News of Thursday afternoon, brought out one of the largest crowds that has been seen at the Auditorium this season. The gentlemen seemed to enjoy their supper very well but were a little bit nervous and seldom took their eyes off of their hosts and this furnished much laughter for the spectators. Mr. R. S. Scobee did not eat with the lions, but dined just in the rear of the arena with "Murphy," the educated monkey.

COOPER TRIAL IS
AGAIN POSTPONED

Tardy Witnesses Make Action Necessary.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 19.—Absence of some state witnesses and a desire on the part of the defense to arrange its plan of procedure, caused an adjournment until Saturday in the Cooper-Sharp trial for the murder of former Senator E. W. Carmack. The state first announced that it rested its case in chief. When the defense asked until Saturday to prepare, and the continuance was granted, Attorney General McCann announced that some missing witnesses would be here by that time and that he would offer their testimony.

The state has satisfied itself with offering testimony to prove that Senator Carmack was slain in Nashville by Robin J. and Duncan B. Cooper; that John Sharp, when he heard the shots, knew what they were without looking around, and that prior to the killing several conferences had been held.

The only incident of the late testimony was the state's attempt to prove by implication that the pistol holster found in the dead senator's overcoat pocket was put there by one of the attorneys for the defense when a few weeks ago he went to the morgue and tried on the overcoat. Two witnesses testified it was not in the pocket when the senator was killed. It was found in the pocket by General Washington of counsel for the defense when he tried on the overcoat.

WHAT WOMEN WANT

More Juvenile Courts and Good Roads to Schoolhouses.

New Orleans, Feb. 19.—"Establish juvenile courts in every city of the United States and reduce infant mortality," was the slogan of the opening session of the National Congress of Mothers.

Mrs. Frank De Garmo of Shreveport, La., elaborated on the good roads movement, saying that it was essential to the proper school attendance by children residing in the suburbs and rural sections.

In discussing infant mortality Mrs. Frederick Schott, president, said: "One of the great objects which the women of this country should devote themselves to is the reducing of infant mortality. In the south alone this year 10,000 babies will die because of parental ignorance."

Flannigan Deserts Hopkins.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 19.—For the first time in many days excitement was injected into the deadlock on the vote for United States senator in the general assembly by Representative John L. Flannigan, who shifted from Hopkins to Shurtleff, and declared his belief that no man now in the race could be elected.

Will Carry Mail in Auto.

Marion, O., Feb. 19.—William B. Spaulding, rural carrier on route No. 2 out of this city, has purchased an auto and will deliver mail over his route of 25 miles henceforth in the auto. Spaulding is the first rural carrier in this section of the state to use the auto.

Rioting in Spain.

Grenada, Spain, Feb. 19.—There was an outbreak of rioting here over the question of the collection of duties on foodstuffs into the city, in which two persons were killed and five wounded.

February Reduction Sale.

As an inducement to cash buyers we are going to give **20 per cent discount** during the month of February. Everything in the store less 1-5 during this sale. Positively no goods charged at this count sale.

Look! See what you Save

\$100 Diamond for	\$80
25 Watch for.....	20
10 Clock for.....	8
5 Knives and Forks.....	4
5 Silver Teaspoons.....	4

Everything in store at same rate of discount.

Baldwin Bros., Jewelers—Opticians
Sign of the Big Watch

Special Clearance Sale ^{now} going on

A Special 5 days of High-Grade Men's

SHOES AND HATS.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

The Sample Shoe Store.

24 North Main Street.

DEATH TO BOLL WEEVIL

Secretary Wilson Talks at Joint Conservation Conference

Washington, Feb. 19.—At the opening session of the joint conservation congress Secretary Wilson conveyed some good tidings for the south when he declared that it was only a question of time when, through the efforts of experts of his department, the cotton boll weevil which has been so destructive to that industry and the cattle tick will be entirely eradicated.

Commissioner Sidney Fisher expressed the conviction that Canada can learn much of benefit from the United States. Romulo Escobar, one of the Mexican commissioners, declared that the conservation movement would find no boundary line, but eventually would prevail in all countries.

A dark picture of the alleged wanton destruction of American forests was painted by Senator Smoot of Utah. Senator Newlands prophesied that the movement will find a constantly increasing momentum and that the idea will live and find its perfection in the proper legislation.

FOLLOW CHIEF TO GRAVE

Indian War Prisoners Take Part In Geronimo's Funeral.

Lawton, Okla., Feb. 19.—Geronimo, the old Indian war chief who died at Fort Sill, was buried in the Apache burying ground, northeast of the army post. The Rev. L. L. Legters, the Indian missionary, conducted the services, which were as similar to the Apache system of burial as the clergyman thought proper.

War department officials had set aside the day as a holiday for the Apache prisoners of war at Fort Sill, and the 200 warriors joined in the solemn procession that carried the body of their old leader to the grave.

Morse Denied Airing.

New York, Feb. 19.—That a strict interpretation will be put upon the court order allowing Charles W. Morse to leave the Tombs prison for the transaction of urgent business, was indicated when he was refused permission to take an automobile ride with his wife and their two sons.

Legally Electrocuted.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 19.—Charles Gillespie, who attempted an assault upon a young lady of this city, was put to death in the electric chair.

SOLDIER BALKS DEATH PLOT.

It seemed to J. A. Stone, a civil war veteran, of Kemp, Texas, that a plot existed between a desperate lung trouble and the grave to cause his death. "I contracted a stubborn cold," he writes, "that developed a cough that stuck to me, in spite of all remedies, for years. My weight ran down to 130 pounds. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery, which restored my health completely. I now weigh 178 pounds." For severe Colds, obstinate Coughs, Hemorrhages, Asthma, and to prevent Pneumonia it's unrivaled. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Phillips Drug Company.

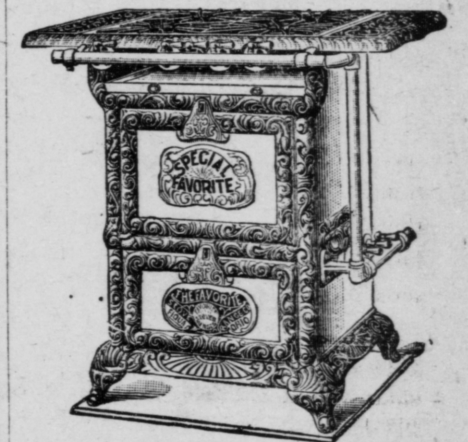
50 dozen Misses hose sold at 25 cents, this week two pair for 25 cents at Bloomfield's. 2-19-11.

Perfecting the intellect. The intellect is perfected not by knowledge but by activity.—Aristotle.

150 pair men's heavy shoes sold at \$2.00 and \$2.25, this week going at \$1.50 at Bloomfield's. 2-19-11.

Bush has them.

**GAS HEATERS
—AND—
RANGES.
FAVORITE STOVES.**



**BEST in the World,
BUSH on the Corner.**

Fresh Fruits and Fresh Groceries,
Cigars, Tobaccos, Oysters and
Candies. Home Phone 712.

Mike Joseph,

36 N. Main St.

INVESTIGATION ASKED.

In Thursday's issue of The News appeared the substance of a letter from the Prison Commission to Governor Willson asking him to order through the State Inspector and Examiner, a thorough investigation of the management of the penitentiaries and the charges made against the Commissioners of inhuman treatment of prisoners. The Governor stated that he would so order and that it would be taken in the same way as any other department would be investigated.

In taking this step the Commission has acted wisely. The investigation was bound to come so soon as the Legislature met and perhaps this one can be made so thorough as to save a later trial.

If there are grounds for the charges of Col. Chinn and his son, ex-warden George Chinn, they should be known as soon as possible and if true the commissioners should be held up to public condemnation and removed from their offices. If untrue, the gentlemen of the commission should be relieved of the present stigma.

It is to be hoped that the investigation will be searching and thorough. The honor and good name of the State are concerned. We have an absolute system now in existence. Every probe into it, is bound to aid in securing to the State finally a modern system of prison discipline and control.

Every good citizen trusts that the charges of cruelty which have been so strenuously made are untrue. But at the same time, every citizen insists that, if true, this state of affairs be remedied at once.

WILL PREACH SUNDAY.

Elder J. W. Harding will preach at the Church of Christ on Fairfax street Sunday morning and evening at the usual hours.

What Can You Tell

about the comparative values of Diamonds by reading advertisements? Nothing! There's only one way to to Judge—see for yourself.

Our Stock is immense.

You'll find us right in three ways—Price, Quality and Service.

C. H. BOWEN, Jeweler and Optician.

The Quality,
The Quantity,
The Price

are three very essential things in the selection of the Furnishings for your home. These are the "watch words" in our buying. Twenty-three years of business success proves our position is correct.

COME IN AND SEE THE NEW THINGS FOR SPRING.

The Winn Furniture Co.

We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps.

The Round-Up

A Romance of Arizona

Novelized From Edmund Day's Melodrama

By JOHN MURRAY and MILLS MILLER

Copyright, 1908, by G. W. Dillingham Co.

The men were riding out their new string of ponies today. As each passed



"Yep, fer straddlin' a dlin' a hoss," he proudly replied, as if that were the chief end of man.

Polly, thus barked in her teasing, tried a new form of badinage.

"Say, the boys are all braggin' on your breadmakin'. Won't you give me your receipt?"

"Good cooks," said Parenthesis, "never give away their receipts. Brings bad luck to 'em next time."

"Aw, come now, Parenthesis, tell me, an' I'll let you make my weddin' cake."

"Will you? An' let me put in whatever I want for jokes on the boys?"

"Yep, everything goes."

"Oh, I'll give 'em somethin' to dream on, you can bet your sweet life—soap for Fresno's finger, clothespin for Show Low's nose, bottle of anty-fat fer Slim! It's a swop, Miss Polly!"

"Well, out with your great secret of breadmakin'!"

"Well, Miss Polly, I take flour an' water an' sourin' an' a pinch of salt!"

"Flour an' water an' sourin' an' a pinch of salt!" repeated Polly, totting the list off on her fingers. "Why, so do I, an' so does every one. It must lie in the workin'." How long do you work the dough, Parenthesis?"

"It must lie in the workin'," repeated Parenthesis solemnly. "Why, I work it an' work it!"—he continued with exasperating slowness.

"How long do you work it?" asked Polly impatiently.

"Till my han's look purty clean-like!" said Parenthesis, holding up his floury paws.

"Then you've got a day's work still before you!" snapped Polly, huffed at seeing herself the victim of a chaffing that she herself had begun. "I won't bother you any longer. So long!"

Parenthesis, however, desired to continue the conversation. "When is this here hitch between you an' Bud comin' off?" he asked.

Polly drew herself up proudly and, speaking with assumed haughtiness, replied, "We're figurin' on sendin' out the cards next month."

The cowboy's eyes twinkled. "Well, I'm a-goin' to give up cigaroot smokin'."

"What for?" asked Polly in surprise.

"Goin' in trainin' to kiss the bride."

"That's nice!" said Polly, beaming.

"Yep, have to take up chawin', like Bud Lane."

Polly was saved from having to answer by Sagebrush galloping up to the wagon.

"Put on your gun!" he shouted to Parenthesis.

Asking no questions, the cowpuncher obeyed his foreman. Trouble was brewing; that he could plainly see. All he had to do was to obey orders and shoot when any one tried to point a gun at him.

Turning to Polly, he cried, "Where's Mrs. Payson?"

"She come over with me, but stopped to look over the tally for those cows that are goin' with the drive."

More to himself than to Parenthesis or Polly, Sagebrush said: "I wish she'd stayed at the ranch. This range is no place for women now. Buck McKee an' his outfit has tanked up with Gila whiskey, an' they're just pawin' fer trouble."

"What's come over people lately?" asked Polly.

"It's all along of Hoover goin' away like he did an' leavin' us without a sheriff or nobody that is anybody makin' a bluff at law an' order!" cried Sagebrush.

"It's sot this section back twenty years," observed Parenthesis.

"That's what it is," agreed the foreman. "Fresno reports that he found that Peruna of the Lazy K outfit slapin' the Lazy K brand on one of our calves. There ain't nobody can maverick no calves belongin' to this outfit, not so long as I'm ranch boss an' captain of the round-up. We've got to take the law in our own han's an'

make an example of this bunch right now."

Sagebrush meant what he said. He was gathering re-enforcements from his own men. He knew that the boys of the Allen ranch would side with him, and he felt that there were enough lovers of law and order in the county to declare themselves against the high handed methods of Buck McKee and his followers.

"Come on, you fellows!" shouted Show Low as he rode past the wagon up the range.

"What is it now?" asked Sagebrush.

Over his shoulder Show Low shouted: "We'll had a run-in with that Buck McKee's bunch. Fresno's laid out with a hole in his shoulder. Billie Nicker's cashed in. I've got some of the Triangle boys, an' we're goin' to make a clean-up."

"You ain't goin' to do nothin' unless I say so. We don't want no range

war. We'll git the man that did the killin'. Come on!" commanded Sagebrush.

Polly galloped after the men, saying, "Gee, I'll miss something if I don't hurry up!"

CHAPTER XVI.

WHEN Jack closed the door behind him to follow and find Dick Lane and bring him back to the woman who, her restorer believed, loved him, Echo Payson realized the supremacy over her soul—her pure ideals, her lofty sense of justice—of its tenement, the woman's body. The moral side of her desire toward Jack now became fixed in the purpose to lift him up to her own level.

Now that he had gone from her on a mission that was fulfilling this very purpose of regeneration, although she had not sent him upon it for his sake, but her own, Echo knew that, after all, she was a woman. She loved Jack Payson with the unrestrained and unrestrained passion that sways even the highest of her sex.

She very sensibly took refuge from her perplexing problems by jumping into the active life of the ranch.

Faithfully she tried to perform all that she thought Jack would have done. Her father and mother wanted her to come back to her old home until he returned. There she would have more company and fewer memories of Jack surrounding her. Each offer, each suggestion, was kindly but firmly put aside. When Jack returned she must be the first to welcome him.

Echo and her father, who was looking after his own cattle on the round-up, rode up to the chuck wagon after Parenthesis and Sagebrush crossed the valley to mete out justice to Peruna and fight out any attempts at a rescue.

Dismounting, Echo walked wearily to the fire and sat down on a box. Bravely though she tried to conceal it, the strain was beginning to tell upon her. The tears would come at times despite her efforts to fight them off. The burden was so heavy for her young shoulders to bear.

A note from Slim, written at Fort Grant with a lead pencil on a sheet of manila paper, told her briefly that he was going into the lava beds with the troops, as the Apaches were out. Dick and Jack, he wrote, were somewhere in the lava beds and he would bring them back with him. She dared not let herself think of the Apaches and the horrors of their cruelties.

(To be Continued.)

Source of Poison Dangers.

The action of foods and liquors on their receptacles may produce deadly poisons. Acid fruits cooked in copper or zinc pots are a particular source of danger. A man who was taken ill in the hunting field with symptoms of mineral poisoning learned that the fine old brandy he carried in his back pocket had dissolved some of the copper in the sterling silver flasks.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson VIII.—First Quarter, For Feb. 21, 1909.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Acts vi, 8-15; vii, 54, to viii, 3—Memory Verses vii, 55, 56—Golden Text, Acts vii, 59—Commentary by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Copyright, 1908, by American Press Association.]

We have in this book of the Acts the history of the beginning of the church, the body of Christ, gathered from Jews and gentiles by the Spirit through the apostles and others who were used as well as the apostles, such as Stephen and Philip, men who were chosen and set apart to oversee the ministrations of funds to the poor, but who, being filled with the Holy Spirit, were used mightily in preaching the word. Our Lord Jesus said concerning His church, "The gates (wisdom, power) of hell shall not prevail against it" (Matt. xvi, 18), but He did not say that hell would not fight against it, but just the contrary. So He instructed the prophets centuries before (Jer. i, 19; Ezek. ii, 6). There are always enemies without, but sometimes the trouble gets within the church, as in the case of Ananias and Sapphira. Now it is a case or many cases of dissatisfaction on the part of some being ministered to from the common fund. The twelve therefore called the disciples together and appointed seven men full of the Holy Ghost and wisdom to see to these matters, Stephen, a man full of faith and of the Holy Ghost being what we would call chairman of the committee. The apostles gave themselves to the word and prayer, and the disciples multiplied greatly, and many of the priests followed. So, whether it was prayer and preaching or serving tables, the Spirit wrought and God glorified in them.

We must be Spirit filled for every kind of service, even the lowliest, if we would truly serve the Lord. Happy are those who can look up into His face and say, "For any manner of service wholly at Thy commandment" (I Chron. xxviii, 21). To accept meekly and cheerfully whatever He appoints us and hear it or do it "unto the Lord" and "before the Lord" is all He asks of us and to continue therein till He calls to something else. Stephen, having accepted the lowly and difficult service, is soon found working miracles and so speaking that those who heard were unable to resist the wisdom and the spirit by which he spoke. Such manifestation of the power of the risen Christ so stirs the adversary that Stephen is arrested and brought before the council, and false witnesses lay to his charge things that he was wholly innocent of. While he was being thus treated like His Lord the Lord must have been smiling upon him, for the reflection was seen in his face, which seemed to the council like the face of an angel.

Being permitted to speak for himself, he rehearsed the national history from Abraham, through Isaac, Jacob, Joseph, Moses, and on to David and Solomon and the temple, and then to the immortal Son of David, the true temple. He enlarged upon the ill treatment of Joseph by his brethren and Moses by the people whom he was sent to deliver and then accused them to their face of being the murderers of Jesus, as their fathers had been of the prophets. Those to whom Peter preached were pricked in their hearts and asked what they should do, and thousands repented and received Jesus as their Saviour and Lord (ii, 36, 37), but these were cut to the heart and gnashed their teeth, stopped their ears, cast Stephen out and stoned him to death. Spirit filled Peter got 3,000 souls, but Spirit filled Stephen got stones enough to kill him, and in each case God was glorified. Although the young man at whose feet the witnesses who stoned Stephen laid down their clothes continued his murderous career a little longer, perhaps when we have clearer light on the connection between Stephen's death and Saul's conversion we may see that Stephen, through Saul, won more souls than Peter. The ways of the Lord are often to us a great deep, but we are sure that "as for God His way is perfect" (Ps. xlviii, 30). Spirit filled Stephen looked up steadfastly into heaven and saw the glory of God and Jesus and was able to pray for his murderers, "Lord, lay not this sin to their charge." If we look up into heaven as he did and see Jesus there for us, we will not see our persecutors nor feel much the stones that are thrown at us. We may so see Jesus and hear His voice that we shall be blind and deaf to all else.

This seventh chapter may be said to begin and end with "the God of glory" (verse 2) and "the glory of God" (verse 15). We shall not be apt to "walk worthy of God, who hath called us to His kingdom and glory" (I Thess. ii, 12), unless that kingdom and glory are as real to us as the risen Christ was to Stephen. This is one of the seven places in Scripture where we find the phrase "heaven opened" (verse 56), the others being in Ezek. i, Matt. iii, John i, Acts x, Rev. iv and x, and each time it is to show us something of Jesus or His redeemed. A risen, living Christ, true man and true God, at the Father's right hand, having all power in heaven and on earth, using us now to gather the rest of the church, His body; receiving us to Himself at His coming to the air for us, bringing us with Him when He comes in glory to fulfill all things of which the prophets have spoken—such is He whom Stephen saw and for whom He died.

CORNER FOR THE JUNIORS

A SCHOOLBOY'S PASTIME.

Apparently Marvelous Exhibition of Strength in the Fingers.

This is a schoolboy's pastime, and consists in one individual being lifted and sustained by the fingers of his playmates.

Two operators put their index fingers under the person's shoes, two others each place their fingers under each elbow, and a fifth under the chin of the subject. At a given signal each person lifts his hand and the person is



How the Trick is Done.

easily lifted up, as in the illustration. The result may seem very surprising, but it is only a question of the equal subdivision of weight. The average boy of 16 weighs 120 pounds; so each finger has only to sustain about 24 pounds' weight, which is not extraordinary.

LORD'S PRAYER ON A PIN.

Seemingly Impossible Feat of Engraving Performed by New York Man.

Probably we have all heard of one-dollar gold pieces with the Lord's Prayer engraved on one side. Several years ago these were worn by many as watch charms. Occasionally even now one may be seen thus worn. Such minute engraving may well be considered skillful work.

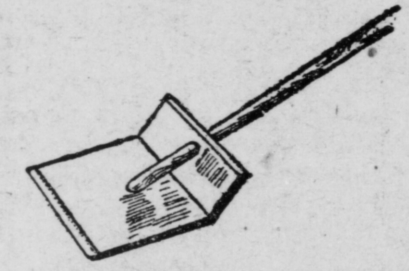
But recently this has been made to seem, at least by comparison, quite a simple matter, because Mr. William L. Stuart, a young man engaged in business in New York city, has performed the seemingly impossible feat of engraving the entire Lord's Prayer on the head of an ordinary pin, to which he has added his name and the year, making altogether 276 letters and figures, says St. Nicholas.

Mr. Stuart did the work at odd times during his regular employment and with very ordinary tools, which seemingly are not adapted to such fine engraving. The pin was set in a block of wood, and a common engraver's tool was used. A simple microscope, costing only about 25 cents, and known as a "linen tester," furnished the necessary magnifying.

SNOW SHOVEL EASILY MADE.

Useful Implement That Can Be Made in a Few Minutes.

Use an ordinary pine board 20x20 and one-half inch thick, if it can be procured. On one edge fasten securely a strip of tin as indicated in the accompanying illustration and nail a board on the opposite end with a hole bored near the top to admit the handle which should be slanted at the end and nailed to the bottom board, says the Prairie Farmer. Any old handle which is long and light enough can be utilized.



A Home-Made Snow Shovel.

companying illustration and nail a board on the opposite end with a hole bored near the top to admit the handle which should be slanted at the end and nailed to the bottom board, says the Prairie Farmer. Any old handle which is long and light enough can be utilized.

TWO ARCTIC ENEMIES.

Perpetual Feud Exists Between the Walrus and Polar Bear.

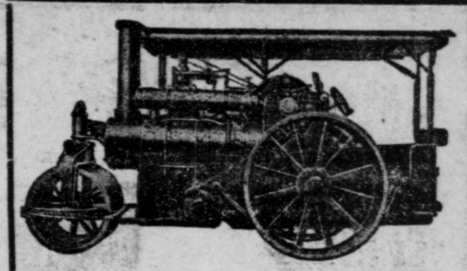
Since the beginning of time there probably has been enmity between the polar bear and the walrus. Except for the walrus, bruin's reign over the arctic regions has been almost unchallenged since the race of mammoths passed. All the hardy flesh eaters that inhabit the bleak, unfertile northland are his natural prey, says St. Nicholas.

But most of all he depends upon the seals and sea lions for his food. There is only one animal that is powerful enough to defend itself and off-spring against the polar bear's attack—the huge and cumbersome walrus; but its movements are so slow and awkward when out of the water that it is impossible for the bulky animal to retard the swift attack and retreat of its smaller opponent.

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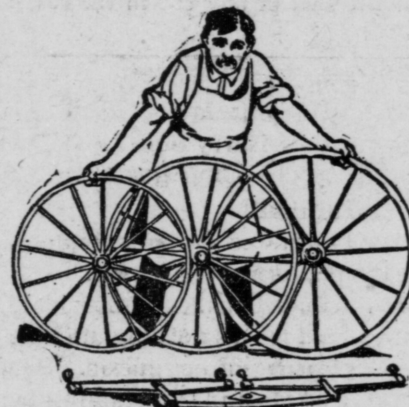
Crushed and Building Stone Always on Sale.

We purchase Dynamite, Powder, Cement and Sand in car lots, and will be pleased to sell same in any quantity desired.

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J. L. BROWN, President.

L. B. COCKRELL, Vice President.

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Have any of our readers seen a recent copy of the Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer? If not, it will pay to send for a copy, if for no other purpose than to note its present great worth as an educator in all things that tend to make life prosperous, and home, the happiest place on earth.

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Other departments and features are above the ordinary, the unanimous verdict of its readers being: "The cleanest and best family Weekly known to them."

Sample copies may be had by writing to the ENQUIRER COMPANY, Cincinnati, O.

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TRY A NEWS' WANT ADVERTISEMENT.

CAPE TOWN TO CAIRO

WOMAN WRITER TO MAKE ADVENTUROUS AFRICAN TRIP.

Distance is 5,000 Miles and She Proposes to Travel Half of Distance on Foot — To Study the Natives.

London — Charlotte Mansfield, a well-known English author of the "smart set," has just started from England to embark on one of the most adventurous journeys ever undertaken by a woman. She proposes to go from Cape Town, South Africa, to Cairo, Egypt, a distance of 5,000 miles, accompanied only by native guides. Part of the way lies through practically unexplored country.

Midway in the South African jungle she hopes to meet President Roosevelt. Though the meeting place is not yet determined upon, Miss Mansfield thinks it will be somewhere near Nalrobi, north of Lake Tanganyika. The natives of this district are known to be treacherous and hostile, and as Miss Mansfield will be the only white woman among them, the situation is likely to prove highly dangerous.

The adventurous woman spent all her spare time lately in learning how to use firearms, so that, should she be attacked in making one of the most perilous trips on record, she will be able to give a good account of herself.

What will carry Miss Mansfield through successfully is, perhaps, the daring character of her project. Though not the first journey made by a white woman through this portion of Africa, it is the first time one of her sex has attempted to "go through" on the lines laid down by Miss Mansfield. Most others who have made the trip have done so from necessity, going from one part of the district to another, in order to reach some permanent residence in the country and having as little to do with the natives as possible. With Miss Mansfield, however, it is different. She intends to try to "affiliate" with the natives; to learn their habits of thought and to study their customs. She is a great believer in the psychology of the native races, and, as she is somewhat of a seer herself, will strive to get "en rapport" with the aborigines in a way hitherto undreamed of by others.

"I have learned to shoot," she said, when seen at her beautiful flat in London just before her departure, "not because I take any pleasure whatever in killing things, but chiefly to be able to protect myself against the wild beasts of the country, and to provide food for our party as we go along. I have become quite an expert with the pistol, shotgun and rifle, and think there will be no difficulty in 'bagging' all the game required. As to the natives, I fear no trouble from that source at all. In fact already I have received letters from unknown white friends in various parts of the country who have promised to help me on my way through by explaining to the various chiefs that my visit is not one of exploitation.

"I shall go from Cape Town to the vicinity of the Victoria falls by railroad, but this is a very small portion of the journey. It is, in fact, only on leaving the railway for good that the real journey begins.

"I will have to walk fully 3,000 miles, half of which is through practically unexplored country. I have said that I intend to walk through this district; but that, of course, will not be, in its literal sense, possible, as a large portion of the journey will have to be made by water. For instance, after leaving the neighborhood of the Zambezi river, in Rhodesia, we shall have to go by boat down Lake Tanganyika. From the end of that lake we shall gradually make our way on foot until we come to the lower end of the Nile river.

"I am anxious to make excursions into the mining districts in this part of the country. It is reported that there are a number of ancient copper mines, worked entirely by natives, and that these natives are extremely wild. I would like to see these mines, though I have been warned that such a journey is quite unprecedented, and that a visit from a white person would not be at all welcome. This adds, of course, all the more to the zest of the trip. But whether I am able or not to visit these mines, will be a matter for decision when nearing the spot.

"I am not going wholly alone," continued Miss Mansfield, "though I shall be the only white woman to make the trip. I shall be accompanied by a native guide, who will have charge of my band of carriers.

"The only serious trouble which I am told I shall have to guard against are the mosquitoes, from the bites of which one gets fever. We shall provide ourselves with all the latest scientific precautions against these pests. As I go through the country I shall write descriptions and take photographs. I am providing myself with a special photographic outfit which will withstand all climatic conditions. No one has been through this country with proper photographic appliances, and I think the pictures I procure will be a revelation to the outside world.

"After we have reached the Upper Nile our difficulties will be practically over, as there are plenty of boats to take us to Khartoum."

A chain of 250 stores throughout the country will soon be lighted with the new Tungsten lamps. It will take 25,000 lamps to illuminate the interiors of these places of business.

RARE OLD BOOK IS FOUND.

Written by German Baron Who Trained Army of Washington.

Hastings, Mich.—While rummaging among some old schoolbooks Lee Matthews of this city found a book which he believes may be valuable. It is a copy of "Regulations for the Order and Discipline of the Troops of the United States," to which is added an appendix containing the United States militia act, together with the law organizing the militia of the state of New York, as now amended.

The author of the book is Baron de Steuben, late major general and inspector general of the army of the United States. The book was published for Daniel and Samuel Whiting of Albany, N. Y., in 1803, making the book 106 years old.

Baron de Steuben was the famous German officer through whose untiring efforts Washington's ragged, undisciplined and rebellious army at Valley Forge was trained and made into a force which did not flinch when it met the British regulars. The rough old German inaugurated a new military system in the American army, which made its work very efficient. His military tactics, the result of many years' service in European warfare, was the basis on which the future militia and army were trained. The book is of convenient size for the pocket, and leather bound. It contains complete instructions for training an army and officers, giving details of firing the old firelocks, for attacking and repelling attacks, for marching and for camping. There are also copper-plate prints of diagrams for field tactics. There is also a folder of 27 lithographic figures showing the manual exercises used at that time.

Across the title page of the book is written in old-fashioned handwriting the name of Jacob Weedon, evidently the name of the original owner. Mr. Matthews does not know how the book came into his home. According to the book, the manual exercises of a century ago were more complex than they are to-day. In the process of loading and firing alone there were 15 different motions.

HIS INCOME \$25 A MINUTE.

Man Who Was Broke Three Years Ago Now a Millionaire.

Tulsa, Okla.—The marriage of Frank Chesley, millionaire oil operator, to Mrs. Jennie Hampton of Waco, Tex., which was solemnized recently, brings to mind the remarkable history of Chesley. Three years ago he was a prospector without a cent in his name, oftentimes in a worry as to how to raise money to satisfy his landlord for rent. In the fall of 1906 he "teamed up" with Bob Galbreath, and on their nerve practically the two men started a wildcat well on the Ida E. Glenn farm, ten miles south of Red Fork, then the southern limit of oil production in the Creek Nation.

Deeper and deeper the hole went into the ground, with no prospects of the oil sand and the two men were discouraged. Finally one day the end of the pile of coal was about reached and still no oil. In despair Chesley, who was on the job alone that day, had gone behind the rig to grieve over the failure, when Roy Dowd, the driller, brought the news that oil had been found.

The strike, a 75-barrel one, was the first well in the Glenn pool, the world's greatest field of oil to-day.

Within a year from that time Chesley and Galbreath were reputed to have an income each of \$25 a minute from oil. Their holdings are valued at several million dollars.

FINDS LONG LOST LANDMARK.

Corner Stone Marking Virginia Grant Hidden by Landslide.

Staunton, Va.—An interesting discovery has just been made near Staunton by John R. May of Mount Sidney, who, after a search of ten days, has located the corner stone marking the extreme northern boundary line of the original Beverly survey, which included the whole of the city of Staunton and about half of Augusta county.

The search has been going on for many years, as the stone frequently is mentioned in deeds, and its discovery will doubtless unravel many tangles in the farm boundaries of the neighborhood. It had been covered over by a landslide.

The original Beverly manor grant was made by William Beverly on September 6, 1738, by King George II. of England and the deed was countersigned by William Gooch, then governor of the colony of Virginia. It mentioned 118,491 acres, or nearly 200 square miles of territory.

Beehive in Big Rock.

Caldwell, Idaho.—A beehive in the solid rock of the bluffs near Boise river bridge was the unusual discovery made by three Caldwell men. The discoverers of the bees' unusual "hive," Ed Smith, J. L. Maxwell and William Mark, proceeded to blast away the rock with dynamite, and their reward was a large quantity of honey of fairly marketable quality. The bees, it was found upon investigation, had made entry to the interior of the bluff through natural crevices.

Sixty-Five Years in Bed.

London.—A Grimsby woman named Miss Mary Doe, aged 75, who when a girl injured her spine by falling from a swing, has not left her bed in 65 years. Her hearing and sight are unimpaired, and she takes great delight in her pet birds. Miss Doe is in receipt of a pension of \$100 a year from the Royal Hospital for Incurables at Putney.

PRANKS OF COMPASS

FAITH IN NEEDLE HAS BROUGHT WOE TO MANY LAKE SHIPS.

Vessels to the Number of 217 Struck Bottom Last Year—Steel Hulks and Magnetic Cargoes Make Trouble.

Chicago.—Faith in the popular superstition that the needle of the compass points to the north was the cause of 217 unpremeditated encounters between lake steamers and the lake bottom last year.

Compass point north, indeed! Why, as long ago as Columbus' time it was discovered that the needle was willful, and America came near not being discovered for a century or two more in consequence. But it has remained for modern mariners to discover the true pranks of the magnetic bit of steel.

When they boxed the compass on the United States battleship Maine II. it was found that the supposedly trustworthy needle pointed southeast. If the helmsman had laid out a course for Greenland by that compass he might have brought up all standing on the Cape of Good Hope.

The perversion of the magnet was explained by the undue attraction of a couple of steel turrets and a 12-inch gun. The mariner thereupon made allowance for this untoward influence and sailed the seas with entire precision.

The growth of the merchant marine on the great lakes, the introduction of steel hulks and the hugeness of such cargoes as are carried in ore, usually magnetic, has disturbed the accuracy of the compasses on these inland waters, hence the increasing number of bumps on the subaqueous landscape.

A chart of the strandings for the last year has been forwarded from Washington to the local hydrographic office. It shows that groundings occur most frequently in the straits, the narrows where Lakes Superior, Michigan and Huron grow neighborly. White Fish point, in Lake Superior, has witnessed more than its share of strandings at that.

The south end of Lake Michigan has been rather free from these unseemly happenings, though one boat went hard aground in the north branch of the Chicago river and a couple touched bottom with more or less violence near Indiana harbor during the year.

The 217 instances noted by the government cartographers were all of a serious nature. Only two strandings were accompanied by loss of life, but all of them occasioned damage of some measure of costliness.

Ignorance of the compass is given as the direct cause of these difficulties. It is pointed out that loss of life and money, not to mention unwarranted delays, would be saved yearly if the seamen knew of a few more of the fine points about the deviation of the compass from the magnetic north.

The Chicago hydrographic office now is given credit for doing more than any other for the training of seamen. Large numbers are given instruction every winter, and the office already has an enviable record for turning out competent shipmasters.

BIG HORN FOR ROOSEVELT.

Unearthly Toots Sure to Put Any Rhinoceros Into Trance.

Waterbury, Conn.—Residents of this town who have passed sleepless nights recently trying to fathom unearthly tooting sounds emanating from a factory here have been relieved to learn that the weird toots were merely the rehearsal efforts of a bugle inventor who has built a 17-inch hunting horn, supposedly for President Roosevelt's use on his African trip.

The horn is formed like a clarinet and has five keys which, when properly manipulated, produce a musical melange guaranteed to put a white rhinoceros into a trance. Inhabitants who have heard the horn say it can make a noise that would frighten a trust magnate.

The man who discovered the combination of reeds that produce the musical melange stowed away in the horn is said to be "Tody" Hamilton. The report is that he discovered it while trying to find some musical combination that would keep order in a circus menagerie. Whether this is true or not, the horn can certainly emit the strangest and most terrifying bunch of notes that ever gave a music lover the "hypsos."

Maine Socks for Teddy.

Boston.—When Theodore Roosevelt starts on his African journey he will take with him a pair of the warmest of Maine hose—Aroostook county knit socks. They were made from yarn carded and spun in an Aroostook county mill, and one of the two women who worked on the knitting is blind.

The president has sent a personal letter of thanks, with his photograph to Mrs. Flavilla E. Caldwell of Sherman Mills.

Weed Caused "Rheumatism."

Richmond, Ind.—After suffering with what she thought was rheumatism for five years, Miss Mabel Hunnicutt of Economy learned the affliction in her wrist was due to a piece of ragweed that had imbedded itself there. Five years ago Miss Hunnicutt was playing basketball in an open field, at which time her hand was injured, but the presence of the ragweed was not discovered.

A PET SEAL.

It Was the Man's Sole Companion and Means of Support.

Most people are accustomed to think of a seal merely as an amphibious creature, from which sealskin cloaks, caps, etc., are obtained; but few are aware that it is an animal of great intelligence, and as capable of being domesticated and made a pet of as a dog or cat.

The small seal frequenting the coasts of Great Britain, though inferior in value to its cousin of the South seas, surpasses it in this intelligence and tractability. It is easily tamed, and can even be trained to follow.



Its Head Snuggled Into His Neck.

low its master like a dog—of course, in its own awkward, legless fashion.

As I was walking along the beach at Scarborough, England, one day, I observed a little crowd of people gathered around a nondescript vehicle, half cart, half tank.

Beside the vehicle stood a man, and on it a small seal was amusing the crowd by plunging into the water at the word of command from its master, catching sticks and bringing them to him in its mouth, and performing sundry other tricks, after which a ragged cap was passed around, and a few pennies and half pennies collected.

I passed on and had gone a considerable distance along the sands when I suddenly became aware that everybody except myself—the pedestrians, the donkeys on which children were getting penny rides, the old women selling penny shells, the hucksters peddling early pears, gingerbread and other edibles, the peep-show men, every one, in short, was hastening in the other direction.

The tide was coming in. Not wishing to be caught in the rapid waves that chased each other up the beach, I turned also and followed the multitude toward; for I saw that the high-water line, clearly defined on the sea wall by a dark heavy growth of seaweed, was decidedly above my head.

When I reached the place where the seal was exhibiting, I found the throng all gone, and the man standing alone by his cart, with the tired creature clinging to his breast, its paws resting on his shoulders and its head snuggled into his neck, just like a kitten or a little child, while the man gently stroked its wet, glistening back with his hand.

I stood a moment, much interested, looking at the pair.

"He seems to know you," said I. "Oh, he knows me," said the man, with the ring of affectionate conviction in his voice. "He knows me, and loves me dearly, and understands every word I say to him."

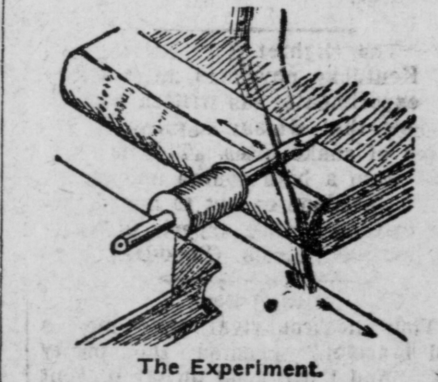
And his hand, with a yet tenderer touch, pressed still closer to his old faded red waistcoat, the wet, dripping form of his humble friend.

It was a clear case of mutual attachment.

EXPERIMENT IN DYNAMICS.

Odd Movements of a Spool of Thread and Pencil.

A half-unrolled spool of thread is placed on a table and the thread



The Experiment.

pulled horizontally from the under side of it, the spool, contrary to general expectation, will roll towards the hand. In connection with this it is interesting to note that if the cylinder is larger in diameter at the point around which the thread is wound than it is at the points on which it rolls, it will roll away from the hand when the thread is pulled. This experiment can be tried by passing a pencil through a spool and resting the ends of it on two books as in the illustration. Also, if the thread be drawn from the under side of a full spool resting on a flat surface the spool will not move in either direction.

The Presbyterian city mission board of Dallas, Tex., is to conduct a large night school this winter.

VALUABLE POSTAL INFORMATION.

J. S. McKinley, of Orient, Ohio, president of the Ohio State League of Postmasters, has prepared and issued the following information with regard to the postal service and how the people may help:

When you address your letters or cards with a lead pencil see that the address is plainly written. Most letters lost are improperly addressed; you had better use a pen and ink.

When you address a letter see that you spell the name of the town correctly. Many postoffices have similar names. Don't write Cin. for Cincinnati, or Col. for Columbus.

When you address a letter or card leave room for the stamp and postmark in the upper right hand corner. Postmarks often blur your address.

Do not put writing in newspapers or packages; if you do the matter becomes first-class mail and you must pay letter postage—two cents an ounce, or you are liable to a fine of \$10.

Written or typewritten letters placed in unsealed envelopes are subject to the same rate of postage as when sealed—two cents an ounce.

Post cards in transparent envelopes will go at the rate of one cent if unsealed, provided there is nothing more than the address of the one to receive it and the name of the sender. Stamp must be placed on envelope and not on card when enclosed in transparent envelope.

Post cards containing writing and enclosed in transparent envelope, whether sealed or unsealed, must bear a two-cent stamp and the stamp must be placed on the envelope instead of the card.

Send money by postoffice money order, for if it is sent in this manner, if lost in the mails the Post Office Department will issue you another order.

Send valuable papers or merchandise by first-class registered mail, for the Post Office Department will make good any loss in the mail not exceeding \$25.

Patrons of postoffice can get better service by renting a box. If you have a box the postmaster's work is lightened, and your mail is not handled or looked over like it is in the general delivery. The Post Office Department makes great conveniences for you, so do not hesitate to help in return.

When you mail a letter or package see that it is substantially done up. The rapid handling of the mails sometimes destroys a poor envelope or covering of a package, and your mail is thus lost.

You should put your name and postoffice on the package, and if not delivered it will be returned to you, but you will have to repay the postage (unless it is first-class.)

When you move to another postoffice notify the postmaster from your former postoffice to forward your mail and notify the publishers of your papers that you have changed your postoffice.

Letters from the pension agency can be delivered only to the person to whom addressed or to some member of his or her family especially authorized to receive the mail.

If you have friends visiting you, have their mail sent in your care.

Use an ordinary size envelope and have on it your return card; if it is not delivered it will be returned to you, and not go to the Dead Letter Office, as thousands of letters do.

If you receive a letter by mistake and it is not yours, don't open it, but return it promptly; and if you do open write on envelope "opened by mistake," and sign your name.

Rural delivery patrons should buy and keep on hand some stamped envelopes and postal cards, and some one and two-cent stamps. Encourage your children to write letters and send post cards to friends; it is a cheap way to educate them.

Don't get mad and say mean things about your rural carrier or postmaster if they sometimes make a mistake (they are human.)

See that your mail box is kept in good condition. Oil the hinges when they need it, and if they are not convenient to the carrier to drive up to, change them. If you must put money in mail box for stamps put it in an old envelope or receptacle.

Don't put packages in your mail box for the carrier to deliver to some one else on the route free. It requires postage.

Deposit your letters and cards crossways of box and not lengthwise. It is easier to collect. If you want to get and send your mail quick, you should help a little.

You should address your own mail, and also make out your money orders.

Heart and Brain.

The heart that husbands a desire to "get even" with imaginary enemies is the haunt of unhappiness; and the brain that strives to conceive a means of retaliation for a fancied wrong is the abode of misery.—Sunday Magazine.

TRY A NEWS' WANT ADVERTISEMENT.

TRAIN SCHEDULE

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO.

Eastbound.

No. 26, Daily Ex. Sunday 8:42 a. m.
No. 22, Daily 11:57 a. m.
No. 28, Daily Ex. Sunday 6:30 p. m.
No. 24, Daily 9:25 p. m.

Westbound.

No. 27, Daily Ex. Sunday 6:22 a. m.
No. 21, Daily 8:03 a. m.
No. 25, Daily Ex. Sunday 2:50 p. m.
No. 23, Daily 4:38 p. m.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE

Southbound.

No. 37—Cincinnati-Knoxville local, 10:00 a. m.
No. 33—Cincinnati-Jacksonville limited, 10:57 a. m.
No. 9—Maysville-Stanford local, with Cincinnati connection at Paris, arrives at 6:32; departs at 6:35 p. m.
No. 31—Cincinnati-Atlanta limited, 11:23 p. m.

Northbound.

No. 34—Atlanta-Cincinnati limited, 5:06 a. m.
No. 10—Stanford-Maysville local connecting at Paris for Cincinnati, 7:23 a. m.
No. 38—Knoxville-Cincinnati local, arrives 2:50; departs 2:53 p. m.
No. 32—Jacksonville-Cincinnati limited, 5:45 p. m.
All of these trains will stop at Winchester; also are all daily, except Nos. 9 and 10, which are daily, except Sunday.

EXINGTON & EASTERN RY CO.

Time Card. In Effect June 21, 1908.

Stations	No. 2, No. 4	
	Daily	Daily
Lexington	2:25	7:35
Winchester	3:05	8:13
L. & E. Junction	3:20	8:26
Clay City	3:50	9:02
Stanton	3:58	9:10
Campton Junction	4:30	9:38
Natural Bridge	4:35	9:43
Torrent	4:47	9:56
Beattyville June	5:10	10:17
Athol	5:37	10:45
O. & K. Junction	6:05	11:15
Jackson	6:10	11:20

Stations	No. 1, No. 3	
	Daily	Daily
Lexington	2:25	7:35
Winchester	3:05	8:13
L. & E. Junction	3:20	8:26
Clay City	3:50	9:02
Stanton	3:58	9:10
Campton Junction	4:30	9:38
Natural Bridge	4:35	9:43
Torrent	4:47	9:56
Beattyville June	5:10	10:17
Athol	5:37	10:45
O. & K. Junction	6:05	11:15
Jackson	6:10	11:20

THE FOLLOWING CONNECTIONS ARE MADE DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

L. & E. Junction—Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, will make connection with the C. & O. Ry. for Mt. Sterling.
Campton Junction—Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, will connect with the Mountain Central Ry. for passengers to and from Campton, Ky.
Beattyville Junction—Trains Nos. 1 and 4 will connect with the L. & N. Railway for Beattyville, Ky.
O. & K. Junction—Trains Nos. 1 and 4 will connect with the G. & K. Railway for Cannel City, Ky., and way stations.
W. A. McDOWELL, Gen'l Mgr.
CHAS. SCOTT, G. P. A.

Capital, . . . \$100,000

Undivided Profits, \$160,000

—THE—
Winchester Bank

WINCHESTER, KY.

N. H. WITHERSPOON,
PRESIDENT.W. R. SPHAR,
CASHIER.SOLICITS YOUR
ACCOUNTS.

Present Duty.

He who is false to present duty breaks a thread in the loom, and will find the flaw when he may have forgotten its cause.—Henry Ward Beecher.

SENATE SCENE OF WORDY WAR

Penrose and LaFollette Exchange Pleasantries.

GLARE AT EACH OTHER

Trouble Starts Over Attempt of Wisconsin Member to Delay Postoffice Appropriation—Is Accused of Shirk- ing Duty by Pennsylvania Lawmak- er and of Using Language and Tac- tics Better Suited to Patent Medi- cine Vendor Than Senator.

Washington, Feb. 19.—An acrid exchange of words took place in the senate between Mr. LaFollette, who was criticizing methods of that body in the handling of appropriation bills, and Mr. Penrose, chairman of the committee on postoffices and post- roads, who is in charge of the post- office bill, then under discussion. The colloquy was rendered almost tragic by the angry words and fierce atti- tude assumed by the senator from Pennsylvania as he denounced the senator from Wisconsin, who stood quietly at his place on the other side of the chamber staring back at his big antagonist.

Mr. LaFollette had asked that the postoffice bill be allowed to go over for one day, as it had just been reported from the committee, and he had had no time in which to examine it. Mr. Penrose had resisted this, saying that he would explain all amendments which had been suggested by his committee. Mr. Penrose had moved that the bill be taken up and it was laid before the senate. Mr. LaFollette addressed himself at



SENATOR BOIES PENROSE,
Who Made Rhetorical Assault on Col- league From Wisconsin.

length to the measure and severely arraigned the senate for permitting legislation to accumulate until the last days of the session, when, he declared, important bills were rushed through with little or no time for senators to understand them.

Mr. LaFollette chided the senate with having put off interstate com- merce legislation for nine years and having delayed the pure food law 17 years by applying the same methods against which he was contending.

Mr. Penrose arose at this point and, glaring across the chamber at the slight form of the senator from Wis- consin, said in a loud voice: "I shall not sit silent in my seat when mis- statements are made or claptrap statesmanship is attempted here. I charge that the senator from Wis- consin has been on the committee on census and during his service on that committee has failed to attend a single meeting of it. I make that charge without fear of contradiction. He is on the committee on claims, and has only attended its meetings once or twice in all his service, and that at- tendance was only to bring up some trivial claim. I make the statement without fear of contradiction that he is on the committee on pensions, which has one of the largest appropri- ation bills pending before congress every year, and he has hardly ever been present at its meetings, accord- ing to the unanimous testimony of nearly all of his colleagues on that committee. I make another statement without any fear of contradiction, that he is on the important commit- tee on Indian affairs, which every year considers a great appropriation bill, and he has seldom or never rendered useful service on it."

"And he has been in the senate during two years," interposed Senator Gallinger, from his seat.

"There is no senator," continued Mr. Penrose, glaring angrily toward Mr. LaFollette, "who has a greater record for absenteeism than he. It ill becomes him to criticize these com- mittees. When he is here, it is only to delay the business of the senate to hold up the transaction of public busi- ness and to embarrass those who, under their paths of office, and in con- scientious discharge of their duties, endeavor to enact legislation."

"I shall not sit here, and I desire to give such notice to the senator from Wisconsin, and listen to arguments that might better be by a vendor of a patent medicine from the tail door of a cart in a village of Wisconsin than

BRADLEY RULES WERE REJECTED

Republican State Committee Unani- mously Decide Against Rules Proposed By Sub-Com- mittee.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 19.—The Republican State Central Committee at its meeting in Louisville yesterday turned down by a unanimous vote the code of rules for governing conven- tions in cities of the first and second classes, presented by the sub-com- mittee, which were known as the Bradley rules.

The resolution adopted by the com- mittee stated that the report did not fully cover the questions involved, and, therefore, the committee could not approve them.

While the sub-committee, or rather the special committee, was appointed by the State Central Committee to draft and present a set of rules to better conditions in the holding of conventions in cities of the first and second classes, yet the report that was made was that of Senator Brad- ley.

The other members of the commit- tee were J. C. Speight, of the State Central Committee, and Judge McD. Shaw, of Covington. Senator Brad- ley made two speeches on the report, in which he denounced the methods of the Republican party in holding con- ventions in Louisville and Covington. In his closing speech Senator Brad- ley declared that the convention held in Louisville by the Rep- ublican party last April were the most fraudulent ever held anywhere. The change pro- posed by Gov. Bradley would place to control of party affairs in cities of the first and second class in the hands of the State Central Commit- tee.

TWO KILLED.

Special to The News.

POMEROY, O., Feb. 19.—Two were killed this morning by the ex- plosion of the salt work's boiler at Hartford, W. Va.

WANTS DEMOCRATS TO GO.

A note from the managers of the Bradley Special train that leaves for Washington March 2nd, says:

"We most cordially invite all to go with us, whether Republicans or Democrats. This trip is designed—in addition to the purposes above suggested—to promote good feeling among Republicans, regardless of past preferences or alliances, and good fellowship among all, regardless of political affiliations."

Train will pass as follows:
Lexington 11:40 a. m.
Winchester 12:30 a. m.
Mt. Sterling 12:45 p. m.
Salt Lick 1:30 p. m.
Morehead 1:45 p. m.
Olive Hill 2:20 p. m.
E. K. Junction 2:50 p. m.
Ashland 3:40 p. m.
Arriving at Washington about 8 a. m. the morning of the 3rd.

MOVED HIS SHOP.

Tom Cowan, the popular barber who was burned out in the Coir View Hotel fire, would like to have his customers and old friends call on him in his new shop in the Simpson and Hathaway building.

25 per cent off on all winter suits and overcoats at Bloomfield's. 2-19-1t.

Judge J. Smith Hays, of Winches- ter, was in town last Saturday the guest of the family of his brother, J. M. Hays.—Mountain Advocate.

Bring your tobacco money here. You can buy as much from Bloom- field for \$5 as you can for \$10 any- where else. 2-19-1t

TRY A NEWS' WANT ADVERTISEMENT.

from a senator of the United States." "It is of little value," said Mr. La- Follette, "to utter a contradiction where too much has been said. It would merely be the word of one sen- ator against that of another."

He then explained some of his ab- sence from the city, caused by sick- ness and business. Then, standing in his place in silence for a few seconds, he looked intently toward the senator from Pennsylvania. Framing his words with great deliberation, he continued: "Against his coarse and vul- gar assault I put my record since I have been a member of this body." Then looking about the chamber, Mr. LaFollette continued: "You can take no course which will deter me from exercising my right upon this floor to express my views upon legislation and upon the orderly conduct of the business of this body. If you were better acquainted with me you would know that."

MANY NEW BARN IN HARRISON

As an indication that the farmers of Harrison county are going to strip to the waist and go in for a bumper crop of tobacco, Chas. Rorer, the saw mill man, has contracts to get out lumber for 22 barns, and has been obliged to decline almost half as many more. He has all he can do up to the first of July. Mr. Rorer has been over the county and is well ac- quainted with conditions. It is his opinion that at least one-third more tobacco will be planted the coming season than has ever before been planted in Harrison in any one year. The high prices secured by the Bur- ley pool is the tempting bait which lures the grower. It seems strange men cannot see that overwhelming crops will lower the price and that all may lose. Still, if men will persist, in blindness, perhaps the scarcity of labor, the festive tobacco worm and the weather will take a hand to save them in spite of themselves.—Cyn- thiana Democrat.

MUST CALL AT POSTOFFICE.

Next Monday is a legal holiday. No mail will go on the rural routes, but it will be delivered at the Broad- way entrance to the postoffice from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

GOV. WILLSON ON PARDONS.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 19.—Except in emergency cases Governor Willson has decided that he will receive no more personal applications for par- don but the other cases must come up in their regular routines, and in writing.

This action is taken by the Gov- ernor because he is being continually besieged with applicants and he finds that he does not have time even to pay attention to the important busi- ness of the State.

TO HOLD RALLY AT BROOKSVILLE, FEB. 19.

The Equity people of Bracken county—and that means nearly all the people in the county—are pre- paring for a big rally at Brooksville, May 1st. It will be the biggest af- fair ever pulled off in Northern Ken- tucky.

MAKES SECOND ATTEMPT

House Prepares to Again Reduce Sal- ary of Secretary of State.

Washington, Feb. 19.—The contro- versy over the executive appropria- tion bill in connection with the much- discussed salary of the secretary of state, involving the eligibility of Sen- ator Knox for that office, was settled in the house of representatives when the bill was sent to conference and the committee authorized to consider the salary provision as if in disagree- ment. This gives the committee power to reduce the pay from \$12,000 to \$8,000, its former figure.

Vigorous attacks on the house rules were made by Messrs. Hubbard and Hepburn of Iowa. The latter asserted that members had betrayed their trust and prostrated themselves at the feet of the speaker, who, he said, had been made a tyrant.

Daily Thought.

Whatever our place allotted to us by Providence that for us is the post of honor and duty. God estimates us not by the position we are in, but by the way in which we fill it.—Tryon Ed- wards.

By the Grace of God Alone.

No iron chain, or outward force of any kind, could ever compel the soul of man to believe or to disbelieve; it is his own indefeasible light, that judg- ment of his; he will reign and believe there by the grace of God alone.—Thomas Carlyle.

Origin of "Yankee."

The word "Yankee" is derived from a Cherokee word, Eankke, which sig- nifies coward and slave. This epithet of "Yankee" was bestowed upon the New Englanders by the Virginians for not assisting them in a war with the Cherokees.

The Highest Authorities.

A Kentucky physician, after exten- sive experiments, has written a paper to show that whisky aggravates the venom of snake bites. This is testi- mony from a high source and leaves little to be done except to appeal the case to the supreme experts in North Carolina.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Hitting Back.

"Your nearest rival gave me a gold bracelet," boasted the pretty girl. "And I will send up my present to-morrow," replied her other suitor, in caustic tones. "Ah, something gold too." "No; a bottle of acid to test my rival's present."

Put Your Faith in Truth.

Have faith in truth, never in num- bers. The great surge of numbers rolls up noisily and imposingly, but flattens on the shore, and slides back into the mud of oblivion. But a true opinion is the ocean itself, calm in its rest, eternal in its power.—Platt.

Faithfulness is in the Few.
Aristotle: He who has many friends has no friends.

MR. DAVID F. FRAZEE DIED IN LEXINGTON.

Chairman of Board of Trustees of State University and Prom- inent Citizen.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 19.—Mr. David Franklin Frazee, president of the Phoenix National Bank, for years one of the largest stockholders in the Phoenix Hotel Co., chairman of the Board of Trustees of State Univer- sity, member of the Board of Educa- tion for a long time and one of the wealthiest and best known citizens of Lexington, died at noon Thursday at his home 323 North Broadway, after an illness of several months.

Death was due to cancer of the stomach, with which he had been a sufferer for sometime and which caused him to retire from active busi- ness affairs about a year ago.

He was 63 years old and is surviv- ed by his wife, Mrs. Lucia Frazee, but no children. The funeral services will take place Friday afternoon.

MAPLE TREE IS ABOUT READY TO BLOOM.

Tree in Rear of Chinese Laundry on Lexington Avenue Nearly in Bloom.

In the rear of the Chinese laundry, on Lexington avenue there is a maple tree that is almost ready to bloom in spite of the recent cold weather. The cause of this early blossoming out, is not known exactly, but it is thought that it is on account of the heat from the laundry and it is lo- cated so that it is protected from the North winds.

25 per cent off on all pants at Bloomfield's. 2-19-1t.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS.

Mrs. Sarah E. Hinds.

Mrs. Sarah E. Hinds, aged fifty- nine years, widow of the late Samuel Hinds, died in Lexington at her home on Chesnut street, Thursday night at 10 o'clock after an illness of six months.

The body will be taken to Kiddleville on the 7:35 Lexington & Eastern train Saturday morning where the funeral will take place in the Baptist church. The burial will be in the Peel graveyard.

Mrs. Hinds is survived by four daughters and two sons, Mrs. G. N. Neal and Mrs. G. D. Cook, of Lex- ington; Mrs. Milton Pace, of this county, and Mrs. James Johnson, of Campton; Charles P. Hinds, and Ed- ward R. Hinds.

DON'T LIKE CONTRACT.

The pool people here in the A. S. of E. are not satisfied with the contract as stated in the county papers and unless some changes are made very few will sign their 1909 crops of to- bacco.—Kelat cor., Cynthiana Demo- crat.

50 coat sweaters sold at \$1.49 and \$1.98, this week \$1.19 at Bloomfield's. 2-19-1t.

At a sale of P. B. Poer, February 26, I will sell eight first-class Jersey dairy cows. Half are fresh and others will be soon. Will also sell privately, 25 lambing ewes and 1 buck.

T. L. REID.
2-19-3t.-Fri-Sat-Mon.

MOVING PICTURES.

Moving pictures. 3000 feet mov- ing pictures at opera house Saturday night. All new pictures. Price 10 cents. 2-18-3t.

100 coat sweaters sold at 98 cents \$1.20, this week 75 cents at Bloom- field's. 2-19-1t.

TRY A NEWS' WANT ADVERTISEMENT.

CENTENNIAL OF THE DISCIPLES OF CHRIST

To Be Held in Pittsburg, in October
Next—Churches Are Get- ting Ready.

For nearly four years the Disciples of Christ have been preparing to have a great centennial gathering in con- nection with their international con- vention at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in October, 1909. It was in 1809 that Thomas Campbell, father of Alexander Campbell, and his co-la- borers issued the "Declaration and Address" which gave rise to the re- formation of the nineteenth century and brought into being the religious body known as the Disciples of Christ, better known in the South as the Christian church. Their church papers are filled with centennial re- ferences and their preachers are hav- ing much to say about the meeting which will doubtless be one of the greatest religious gatherings ever held in America.

The Christian Church has missions in Japan, China, India, Hawaii, Cuba, Africa, Norway, Sweden and Den- mark. It has one hundred and sixty American missionaries in these coun- tries, and an army of more than five hundred native preachers and help- ers. The church conducts eighteen hospitals in foreign lands, and last year treated more than one hundred and twenty-seven thousand patients. Sixty-two schools and colleges were supported, with an attendance of nearly four thousand. And besides, it feeds and clothes and houses and educates more than four hundred or- phans. The membership in these lands now numbers more than ten thousand, and the value of property is about five hundred thousand dol- lars.

Much of the centennial celebration depends upon the offering, March 7, which is really a centennial event. If that is successful, as is expected, then it is believed that two millions of dollars will be raised for all mis- sions and benevolences before the year closes. This is the mark that has been set.

More than ordinary interest in this anniversary is manifested in Ken- tucky, where the church has a large membership. The denomination has two churches in this city and others in the county.

50 dozen wool socks going at 10 cents a pair, will cost you elsewhere 25 cents. 2-19-1t.

WILL MOVE HERE SOON.

Mr. Larkin Stamper, of Wolfe county, has rented the Ambrose D. Bush farm on the Boonesboro pike an dwell move his family here in a few weeks. We welcome Mr. Stamper.

Only 27 odd suits left, size 34 to 37, once sold as high as \$18.50, this week \$3.98 at Bloomfield's. 2-19-1t

LOST.—Eyeglasses between Kahal's barber shop and W. E. Dean's resi- dence of College street. C. S. GUY. 2-19-2t.

FOR RENT.—Two houses. N. T. TAYLOR. 2-17-tf.

FOR SALE.—Tobacco seed. T. I. WILLS. 2-17-1t.

FOR SALE.—Old papers for sale at this office. 2-16-tf.

FOR SALE.—Will sell in front of court house, court day, one sorrel mare, nine years old in fcal. WAL- TER GAMBOE, Administrator Carrie B. Hays. 2-16-2t.-Tues.-Fri.

Eagle Casting Co., INCORPORATED. WINCHESTER, KY.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Gray Iron, Semi Steel, Thermit Steel
Alluminum, Brass, and Bronze
Castings of all kinds.

Drawings, Specifications and Blue Prints.

WE ARE ALSO AGENTS
FOR

All kinds of Structural Steel Shapes.

F. G. CORNELL,
Gen'l Manager.

CLASSIFIED COLUMN.

Classified—Per Word.

One-half cent per word per inser- tion, 5 cents per calendar month. Nothing counted less than 20 words. No item charged on books for less than 25 cents.

There continuous insertions of same item at double the one-time rate. For 250 lines or more used within one year; 4 cents a line.

FARM FOR SALE.

140 acres, 7 miles from Winches- ter, all tobacco land, good dwelling, stock barn, tobacco barn and all im- provements; 18 acres in cultivation, balance in grass.



THE REAL ESTATE MAN

FOR SALE OR RENT.—Two desir- able dwellings, one on Haggard street, the other corner of Burns and Beekner. W. P. AZBILL. 2-11-1mo.

LOST.—Black silk scarf found on Maple street some little time ago. Owner can have same by paying for this advertisement and calling on Mr. A. H. Simpson. 2-1-tf.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—House of four rooms in North Park. Apply to R. M. CLARK, 151 Magnolia avenue. 2-8-3t.-Mon.-Wed.-Fri.

FOR SALE.—Coal at 21 North Main street. You will be pleased with both quality and price. 1-19-1mo.

FOR SALE.—Grocery and meat shop, paying business. Terms reason- able. Address W. A. B. this office. 1-14-tf.

WANTED.—To take orders for mak- ing cakes, beaten biscuit, rolls, tim- bales and rosettes. MISS LUCY COLEMAN BROWNING, 218 Col- lege street. Home 'phone 654. 1-12-1mo.

FOR SALE.—Cheap, graphophone, and about 30 records, also large Morning Glory horn. Address N. R. B. this office. 1-9-tf.

WANTED.—To buy furs, scrap iron, and all kinds of metal. Best buyer in town. Chas. Zigman, Main and Washington. 1-19-1mo.

FOUND.—Coral pin on Main street. Owner may have same by calling at this office and paying for adver- tisement. 1-25-tf.

FOR SALE.—Will sell at public auc- tion February 22nd, (Court Day) at 2 p. m., at Court House, five blocks two shares each of Peoples State Bank stock.

J. N. RANKIN.

J. R. Bush, Auctioneer. 1-28-td-e-o-d.

WANTED.—Sewing at home or in families. MRS. HADDEN, 21 Taylor avenue. 2-15-1mo.

FOR SALE.—House and lot for sale on West Broadway, five rooms, good cistern. LEE J. W. DECK. 2-13-6t.

FOR RENT.—Four rooms for rent. Apply Miss Carrie N. Wills, N. Maple street. 2-12-6t.

WANTED.—To buy clean rags. Ap- ply at The News' office 2-17-tf.

FOR RENT.—A flat of four rooms with bath, gas and water. DR. GLENMORE COMBS. 2-17-tf.

LOST.—Between opera house and Belmont street last Saturday night, silver pin with inscription, "Staun- ton Military Academy." Reward for return to FLORRYE SMITH, Belmont street. 2-17-2t.

WIRE FENCE.—I still build all kinds of wire fence. It in the market for same write or telephone me for prices. JOHN A. TANNER, Winn avenue. Home 'phone 541. 2-16-tf.

FOUND.—In front of Brown-Proctor a brown belt with gold buckle. Can have same by calling at News' office and paying for advertise- ment. 3-16-tf.